

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

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October 21, 2011

CLERK'S OFFICE OCT 2 5 2011 STATE OF ILLINOIS Pollution Control Board

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD JOHN THERRIAULT ASSISTANT CLERK 100 W RANDOLPH ST, STE 11-500 CHICAGO, IL 60601

Dear JOHN THERRIAULT ASSISTANT CLERK

Your rules Listed below met our codification standards and have been published in Volume 35, Issue 44 of the Illinois Register, dated 10/28/2011.

OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED BY LAW TO BE PUBLISHED IN THE IL	LINOIS RI	EGISTER
Notice of Public Information Point of Contact: Mike McCambridge	17488	R11-14
PROPOSED RULES		
Mobile Sources		Din 10
35 Ill. Adm. Code 240	17178	R12-12
Point of Contact: Nancy Miller		
RCRA and UIC Permit Programs		
35 Ill. Adm. Code 702	17190	R11-14
Point of Contact: Mike McCambridge		
UIC Permit Program		\bigcirc . 11
35 Ill. Adm. Code 704	17215	R11-14
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Procedures for Permit Issuance		
35 Ill. Adm. Code 705	17256	R11-14
Point of Contact: Mike McCambridge		
Underground Injection Control Operating Requirements		2. 11
35 Ill. Adm. Code 730	17264	211-14
Point of Contact: Mike McCambridge		1 · ·

If you have any questions, you may contact the Administrative Code Division at (217) 782 - 7017.

Index Department - Administrative Code Division - 111 East Monroe Springfield, IL 62756

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

1) <u>Heading of the Part</u>: RCRA and UIC Permit Programs

2) <u>Code citation</u>: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702

3)	Section numbers:	Proposed action:
	702.101	Amend
	702.110	Amend
	702.123	Amend
	702.150	Amend
	702.161	Amend

- 4) <u>Statutory authority</u>: 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 13, 22.4, and 27.
- 5) <u>A Complete description of the subjects and issues involved:</u>

The following briefly describes the subjects and issues involved in the docket R11-14 rulemaking of which the amendments to Part 702 are a single segment. Also affected are 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704, 705, and 730, which are covered by separate notices in this issue of the Illinois Register. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011, proposing amendments in docket R11-14, which opinion and order is available from the address below.

This proceeding updates the Illinois underground injection control (UIC) rules to correspond with amendments adopted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) that appeared in the Federal Register during a single update period. The docket and time period that is involved in this proceeding is the following:

R11-14	Federal UIC amendments that occurred during the period July 1,
	2010 through December 31, 2010.

The R11-14 docket amends rules in Parts 702, 704, 705, and 730. The amendments to the Parts are inter-related. The following table briefly summarizes the federal actions in the update period:

December 10, 2010 (75 Fed. Reg. 77230)

<u>Description of the USEPA action</u>: USEPA designated carbon dioxide injection wells used for geosequestration of carbon as Class VI injection wells and established standards for permitting, design, and operation of Class VI wells.

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The amendments to Part 702 are a single segment of the docket R11-14 rulemaking that also affects 35 III. Adm. Code 704, 705, and 730, each of which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the Illinois Register. To save space, a more detailed description of the subjects and issues involved in the docket R11-14 rulemaking in this Illinois Register only in the answer to question 5 in the Notice of Adopted Amendments for 35 III. Adm. Code 702. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011, proposing amendments in docket R11-14, which opinion and order is available from the address below.

Specifically, the amendments to Part 702 implement the federal standards for Class VI carbon sequestration injection wells in Illinois.

The amendments to Part 704 are a single segment of the docket R11-14 rulemaking that also affects 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 705, and 730, each of which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the Illinois Register. To save space, a more detailed description of the subjects and issues involved in the docket R11-14 rulemaking in this Illinois Register only in the answer to question 5 in the Notice of Adopted Amendments for 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011, proposing amendments in docket R11-14, which opinion and order is available from the address below.

Specifically, the amendments to Part 704 implement the federal standards for Class VI carbon sequestration injection wells in Illinois.

Tables appear in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011 in docket R11-14 that list numerous corrections and amendments that are not based on current federal amendments. The tables contain deviations from the literal text of the federal amendments underlying these amendments, as well as corrections and clarifications that the Board made in the base text involved. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the October 6, 2011 opinion and order in docket R11-14.

Section 13(c) of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/13(c)] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

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- 6) <u>Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose this</u> rulemaking: None
- 7) <u>Will these proposed amendments replace emergency amendments currently in effect?</u> No.
- 8) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?</u>: No.
- 9) Do these proposed amendments contain incorporations by reference? No.
- 11) Are there any other amendments pending on this Part? No.
- 10) <u>Statement of statewide policy objectives:</u>

These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2008)].

12) <u>Time, Place and manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed</u> rulemaking:

The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference docket <u>R11-14</u> and be addressed to:

John T. Therriault, Assistant Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago, IL 60601

Please direct inquiries to the following person and reference docket R11-14:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601 Phone: 312-814-6924 E-mail: mccambm@ipcb.state.il.us

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312-814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at <u>http://www.ipcb.state.il.us</u>.

13) <u>Initial regulatory flexibility analysis:</u>

A) <u>Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations</u> <u>affected</u>:

This rulemaking may affect those small businesses, small municipalities, and notfor-profit corporations that own or operate an underground injection well. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

B) <u>Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance:</u>

The existing rules and proposed amendments require extensive reporting, bookkeeping and other procedures, including the preparation of manifests and annual reports, waste analyses and maintenance of operating records. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

C) <u>Types of professional skills necessary for compliance</u>:

Compliance with the existing rules and proposed amendments may require the services of an attorney, certified public accountant, chemist, and registered professional engineer. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

14) <u>Regulatory agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized:</u>

December 17, 2010, 34 Ill. Reg. 19623, 19687

The full text of the proposed amendments begins on the next page:

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER b: PERMITS

PART 702 RCRA AND UIC PERMIT PROGRAMS

SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section

- 702.101 Purpose, Scope, and Applicability
- 702.102 Electronic Reporting
- 702.103 Trade Secret or Non-Disclosable Information Submitted to the Agency or Board
- 702.104 References
- 702.105 Rulemaking
- 702.106 Adoption of Agency Criteria
- 702.107 Permit Appeals and Review of Agency Determinations
- 702.108 Variances and Adjusted Standards
- 702.109 Enforcement Actions
- 702.110 Definitions

SUBPART B: PERMIT APPLICATIONS

- Section
- 702.120 Permit Application
- 702.121 Who Applies
- 702.122 Completeness
- 702.123 Information Requirements
- 702.124 Recordkeeping
- 702.125 Continuation of Expiring Permits
- 702.126 Signatories to Permit Applications and Reports

SUBPART C: PERMIT CONDITIONS

Section

- 702.140 Conditions Applicable to all Permits
- 702.141 Duty to Comply
- 702.142 Duty to Reapply
- 702.143 Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense
- 702.144 Duty to Mitigate
- 702.145 Proper Operation and Maintenance

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- 702.146 Permit Actions
- 702.147 Property Rights
- 702.148 Duty to Provide Information
- 702.149 Inspection and Entry
- 702.150 Monitoring and Records
- 702.151 Signature Requirements
- 702.152 Reporting Requirements
- 702.160 Establishing Permit Conditions
- 702.161 Duration of Permits
- 702.162 Schedules of Compliance
- 702.163 Alternative Schedules of Compliance
- 702.164 Recording and Reporting

SUBPART D: ISSUED PERMITS

Section

- 702.181 Effect of a Permit
- 702.182 Transfer
- 702.183 Modification
- 702.184 Causes for Modification
- 702.185 Facility Siting
- 702.186 Revocation
- 702.187 Minor Modifications

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 7.2, 13, and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 13, 22.4, and 27].

SOURCE: Adopted in R81-32 at 6 III. Reg. 12479, effective May 17, 1982; amended in R82-19 at 7 III. Reg. 14352, effective May 17, 1982; amended in R84-9 at 9 III. Reg. 11926, effective July 24, 1985; amended in R85-23 at 10 III. Reg. 13274, effective July 29, 1986; amended in R86-1 at 10 III. Reg. 14083, effective August 12, 1986; amended in R86-28 at 11 III. Reg. 6131, effective March 24, 1987; amended in R87-5 at 11 III. Reg. 19376, effective November 12, 1987; amended in R87-26 at 12 III. Reg. 2579, effective January 15, 1988; amended in R87-29 at 12 III. Reg. 6673, effective March 28, 1988; amended in R87-39 at 12 III. Reg. 13083, effective July 29, 1988; amended in R89-1 at 13 III. Reg. 18452, effective November 13, 1989; amended in R89-2 at 14 III. Reg. 3089, effective February 20, 1990; amended in R89-9 at 14 III. Reg. 6273, effective April 16, 1990; amended in R92-10 at 17 III. Reg. 5769, effective March 26, 1993; amended in R93-16 at 18 III. Reg. 6918, effective April 26, 1994; amended in R94-5 at 18 III. Reg. 18284, effective December 20, 1994; amended in R95-6 at 19 III. Reg. 9913, effective June 27, 1995; amended in R95-20 at 20 III. Reg. 11210, effective August 1, 1996; amended in R96-

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10/R97-3/R97-5 at 22 Ill. Reg. 532, effective December 16, 1997; amended in R99-15 at 23 Ill. Reg. 9359, effective July 26, 1999; amended in R00-11/R01-1 at 24 Ill. Reg. 18585, effective December 7, 2000; amended in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 Ill. Reg. 438, effective December 20, 2006; amended in R11-2/R11-16 at 35 Ill. Reg. _____, effective ______; amended in R11-14 at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective

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Section 702.101 Purpose, Scope, and Applicability

- a) Coverage.
 - 1) The permit regulations of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 through 705 include provisions for the following two permit programs:
 - A) The RCRA (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act) permit program pursuant to Title V and Title X of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/Title V and Title X].
 - B) The UIC (Underground Injection Control) permit program pursuant to Title III and Title X of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/Title III and Title X].
 - 2) The regulations of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 through 705 cover basic permitting requirements (35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 through 704) and procedures for processing of permit applications (35 Ill. Adm. Code 705) for the RCRA and UIC permit programs.
 - 3) The regulations of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 through 705 are derived from 40 CFR 124, 144, and 270.
- b) Structure.
 - 1) The regulations of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 through 705 comprise the following four Parts:
 - A) This Part contains definitions applicable to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 through 705. It also contains basic permitting requirements for the RCRA and UIC programs.

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- B) The regulations of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703 contain requirements specific to RCRA permits. In case of inconsistency between 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 and 703, 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703 will control.
- C) The regulations of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704 contain requirements specific to UIC permits. In case of inconsistency between 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 and 704, 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704 will control.
- D) The regulations of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705 establish procedures for issuance of RCRA and UIC permits by the Agency.
- 2) The structure and coverage of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 through 704 are indicated in the following table:

	RCRA AND		
	UIC	RCRA	UIC
	<u>Subpart of</u>	<u>Subpart of</u>	<u>Subpart of</u>
	35 Ill. Adm.	35 Ill. Adm.	35 Ill. Adm.
	Code	Code	Code
	702 Subpart	703 Subpart	704 Subpart
General	А	А	А
Prohibitions		В	В
Authorization by Rule		С	С
Permit Application	В	D	D
Special Forms of		E	
Permits			
Permit Conditions	С	F	Е
Issued Permits	D		Н
Permit Modification		G	
Remedial Action Plans		Н	
Integration with MACT		Ι	
Standards			
RCRA Standardized		J	
Permits			
Requirements			F
Applicable to			
Hazardous Waste			
Injection Wells			
Financial Responsibility			G

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for Class I		
Hazardous Waste		
Injection Wells		
Requirements	 	Ι
Applicable to Class		
V Injection Wells		
Requirements	 	Ι
Applicable to Class		
V Injection Wells		
Requirements	 	<u>J</u>
Applicable to Class		
VI Injection Wells		

- c) Relation to other requirements.
 - 1) Permit application forms. An applicant for a RCRA or UIC permit or a person seeking interim status under RCRA must submit its application on an Agency permit application form when such is available.
 - 2) Technical regulations. Each of the two permit programs that are covered in these permit regulations has separate additional regulations that contain technical requirements for that program. These separate regulations are used by the Agency to determine the requirements that must be placed in any permit that it issues. These separate regulations are located as follows:

 RCRA
 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720 through 728, 733, and 739

 UIC
 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730 and 738

BOARD NOTE: Derived in significant part from 40 CFR 144.1 and 270.1 (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 702.110 Definitions

The following definitions apply to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 703, 704, and 705. Terms not defined in this Section have the meaning given by the appropriate act and regulations, as such are defined

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in this Section. When a definition applies primarily to one or more programs, those programs appear in parentheses after the defined terms.

"Act" or "Environmental Protection Act" means the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5].

"Administrator" means the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or an authorized representative.

"Agency" means the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

"Application" means the Agency forms for applying for a permit. For RCRA, application also includes the information required by the Agency pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.182 through 703.212 (contents of Part B of the RCRA application).

"Appropriate act and regulations" means the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (42 USC 6901 et seq.) (RCRA), the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (42 USC 300f et seq.) (SDWA), or the Environmental Protection Act, whichever is applicable, and the applicable regulations promulgated under those statutes.

"Approved program or approved state" means a state or interstate program that has been approved or authorized by USEPA pursuant to 40 CFR 271 (RCRA) or Section 1422 of the SDWA (42 USC 300h-1) (UIC).

"Aquifer" (RCRA and UIC) means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation that is capable of yielding a significant amount of water to a well or spring.

"Area of review" (UIC) means the area surrounding an injection well described according to the criteria set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.106, or in the case of an area permit, the project area plus a circumscribing area the width of which is either 402 meters (one-quarter of a mile) or a number calculated according to the criteria set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.106.

"Board" (RCRA and UIC) means the Illinois Pollution Control Board.

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"Cesspool" (UIC) means a drywell that receives untreated sanitary waste containing human excreta and which sometimes has an open bottom or perforated sides.

"Closure" (RCRA) means the act of securing a Hazardous waste management facility pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.

"Component" (RCRA) means any constituent part of a unit or any group of constituent parts of a unit that are assembled to perform a specific function (e.g., a pump seal, pump, kiln liner, or kiln thermocouple).

"Contaminant" (UIC) means any physical, chemical, biological, or radiological substance or matter in water.

"Corrective action management unit" or "CAMU" (RCRA) means an area within a facility that is designated by the Agency pursuant to Subpart S of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 for the purpose of implementing corrective action requirements pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.201 and RCRA section 3008(h) (42 USC 6928(h)). A CAMU must only be used for the management of remediation wastes pursuant to implementing such corrective action requirements at the facility. BOARD NOTE: USEPA must also designate a CAMU until it grants this authority to the Agency. See the note following 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.652.

"CWA" (RCRA and UIC) means the Clean Water Act (33 USC 1251 et seq.), as amended.

"Date of approval by USEPA of the Illinois UIC program" (UIC) means March 3, 1984.

"Director" (RCRA and UIC) means the Director of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency or the Director's designee.

"Disposal" (RCRA) means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking, or placing of any hazardous waste into or on any land or water so that such hazardous waste or any constituent of the waste may enter the environment or be emitted into the air or discharged into any waters, including groundwater.

"Disposal facility" (RCRA) means a facility or part of a facility at which hazardous waste is intentionally placed into or on the land or water, and at which

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hazardous waste will remain after closure. The term disposal facility does not include a corrective action management unit into which remediation wastes are placed.

"Draft permit" (RCRA and UIC) means a document prepared pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705.141 indicating the Agency's tentative decision to issue, deny, modify, terminate, or reissue a permit. A notice of intent to deny a permit, as discussed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705.141, is a type of draft permit. A denial of a request for modification, as discussed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705.128, is not a draft permit. A proposed permit is not a draft permit.

"Drywell" (UIC) means a well, other than an improved sinkhole or subsurface fluid distribution system, that is completed above the water table so that its bottom and sides are typically dry, except when receiving fluids.

"Drilling mud" (UIC) means a heavy suspension used in drilling an injection well, introduced down the drill pipe and through the drill bit.

"Elementary neutralization unit" (RCRA) means a device of which the following is true:

It is used for neutralizing wastes that are hazardous wastes only because they exhibit the corrosivity characteristics defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.122, or are listed in Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 only for this reason; and

It meets the definition of tank, tank system, container, transport vehicle, or vessel in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.110.

"Emergency permit" (RCRA and UIC) means a RCRA or UIC permit issued in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.221 or 704.163, respectively.

"Environmental Protection Agency" or "EPA" or "USEPA" (RCRA and UIC) means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

"Exempted aquifer" (UIC) means an aquifer or its portion that meets the criteria in the definition of "underground source of drinking water" but which has been exempted according to the procedures in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.105, 704.104, and 704.123(b).

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"Existing hazardous waste management (HWM) facility" or "existing facility" (RCRA) means a facility that was in operation or for which construction commenced on or before November 19, 1980. A facility has commenced construction if the following occurs:

The owner or operator has obtained the federal, State, and local approvals or permits necessary to begin physical construction; and

Either of the following has transpired:

A continuous on-site, physical construction program has begun; or

The owner or operator has entered into contractual obligations for physical construction of the facility that cannot be canceled or modified without substantial loss and which are to be completed within a reasonable time.

"Existing injection well" (UIC) means an injection well that is not a new injection well.

"Facility mailing list" (RCRA) means the mailing list for a facility maintained by the Agency in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705.163(a).

"Facility or activity" (RCRA and UIC) means any HWM facility, UIC injection well, or any other facility or activity (including land or appurtenances thereto) that is subject to regulations under the Illinois RCRA or UIC program.

"Federal, State, and local approvals or permits necessary to begin physical construction" (RCRA) means permits and approvals required under federal, State, or local hazardous waste control statutes, regulations, or ordinances.

"Final authorization" (RCRA) means January 31, 1986, the date of approval by USEPA of the Illinois Hazardous Waste Management Program that has met the requirements of Section 3006(b) of RCRA (42 USC 6926(b)) and the applicable requirements of subpart A of 40 CFR 271.

"Fluid" (UIC) means any material or substance that flows or moves, whether in a semisolid, liquid, sludge, gas, or any other form or state.

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"Formation" (UIC) means a body of rock characterized by a degree of lithologic homogeneity that is prevailingly, but not necessarily, tabular and is mappable on the earth's surface or traceable in the subsurface.

"Formation fluid" (UIC) means fluid present in a formation under natural conditions, as opposed to introduced fluids, such as drilling mud.

"Functionally equivalent component" (RCRA) means a component that performs the same function or measurement and which meets or exceeds the performance specifications of another component.

"Generator" (RCRA) means any person, by site location, whose act or process produces hazardous waste.

"Geologic sequestration" means the long-term containment of a gaseous, liquid, or supercritical carbon dioxide stream in a subsurface geologic formation. This term does not apply to carbon dioxide capture or transport.

"Groundwater" (RCRA and UIC) means a water below the land surface in a zone of saturation.

"Hazardous waste" (RCRA and UIC) means a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103.

"Hazardous waste management facility" or "HWM facility" (RCRA) means all contiguous land and structures, other appurtenances, and improvements on the land, used for treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste. A facility may consist of several treatment, storage, or disposal operational units (for example, one or more landfills, surface impoundments, or combinations of them).

"HWM facility" (RCRA) means Hazardous waste management facility.

"Improved sinkhole" (UIC) means a naturally occurring karst depression or other natural crevice that is found in volcanic terrain and other geologic settings that have been modified by man for the purpose of directing and emplacing fluids into the subsurface.

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"Injection well" (RCRA and UIC) means a well into which fluids are being injected.

"Injection zone" (UIC) means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation receiving fluids through a well.

"In operation" (RCRA) means a facility that is treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste.

"Interim authorization" (RCRA) means May 17, 1982, the date of approval by USEPA of the Illinois Hazardous Waste Management program that has met the requirements of section 3006(g)(2) of RCRA (42 USC 6926(g)(2)) and applicable requirements of 40 CFR 271.

"Interstate agency" means an agency of two or more states established by or under an agreement or compact approved by the Congress, or any other agency of two or more states having substantial powers or duties pertaining to the control of pollution as determined and approved by the Administrator under the appropriate act and regulations.

"Major facility" means any RCRA or UIC facility or activity classified as such by the Regional Administrator or the Agency.

"Manifest" (RCRA and UIC) means the shipping document originated and signed by the generator that contains the information required by Subpart B of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 722.

"National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System" means the program for issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, terminating, monitoring, and enforcing permits and imposing and enforcing pretreatment requirements pursuant to Section 12(f) of the Environmental Protection Act and Subpart A of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309 and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 310. The term includes an approved program.

"New HWM facility" (RCRA) means a hazardous waste management facility that began operation or for which construction commenced after November 19, 1980.

"New injection well" (UIC) means a well that began injection after March 3, 1984, the date of USEPA approval of the UIC program for the State of Illinois.

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BOARD NOTE: See 40 CFR 147.700 (1998) (2010) and 49 Fed. Reg. 3991 (Feb. 1, 1984).

"Off-site" (RCRA) means any site that is not on-site.

"On-site" (RCRA) means on the same or geographically contiguous property that may be divided by public or private rights-of-way, provided the entrance and exit between the properties is at a cross-roads intersection, and access is by crossing as opposed to going along, the rights-of-way. Non-contiguous properties owned by the same person, but connected by a right-of-way that the person controls and to which the public does not have access, is also considered on-site property.

"Owner or operator" means the owner or operator of any facility or activity subject to regulation under the RCRA or UIC program.

"Permit" means an authorization, license, or equivalent control document issued to implement this Part and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703, 704, and 705. "Permit" includes RCRA permit by rule (35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.141), RCRA standardized permit (35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.238), UIC area permit (35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.221 and 704.162), and RCRA or UIC "Emergency Permit" (35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.221 and 704.163). "Permit" does not include RCRA interim status (35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.153 through 703.157), UIC authorization by rule (Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.153 through 703.157), UIC authorization by rule (Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. code 704), or any permit that has not yet been the subject of final Agency action, such as a draft permit or a proposed permit.

"Person" means any individual, partnership, co-partnership, firm, company, corporation, association, joint stock company, trust, estate, political subdivision, state agency, or any other legal entity, or their legal representative, agency, or assigns.

"Physical construction" (RCRA) means excavation, movement of earth, erection of forms or structures, or similar activity to prepare an HWM facility to accept hazardous waste.

"Plugging" (UIC) means the act or process of stopping the flow of water, oil, or gas into or out of a formation through a borehole or well penetrating that formation.

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"Point of injection" means the last accessible sampling point prior to waste fluids being released into the subsurface environment through a Class V injection well. For example, the point of injection of a Class V septic system might be the distribution box—____the last accessible sampling point before the waste fluids drain into the underlying soils. For a dry well, it is likely to be the well bore itself.

"POTW" means publicly owned treatment works.

"Project" (UIC) means a group of wells in a single operation.

"Publicly owned treatment works" or "POTW" is as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 310.

"Radioactive waste" (UIC) means any waste that contains radioactive material in concentrations that exceed those listed in table II, column 2 in appendix B to 10 CFR 20, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111.

"RCRA" (RCRA) means the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 USC 6901 et seq.). For the purposes of regulation pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 700 through 705, 720 through 728, 733, 738, and 739, "RCRA" refers only to RCRA Subtitle C. This does not include the RCRA Subtitle D (municipal solid waste landfill) regulations, found in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 810 through 815, and the RCRA Subtitle I (underground storage tank) regulations found in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 731 and 732.

"RCRA permit" (RCRA) means a permit required pursuant to Section 21(f) of the Act [415 ILCS 5/21(f)].

"RCRA standardized permit" (RCRA) means a RCRA permit issued pursuant to Subpart J of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703 and Subpart G of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705 that authorizes management of hazardous waste. The RCRA standardized permit may have two parts: a uniform portion issued for all RCRA standardized permits and a supplemental portion issued at the discretion of the Agency.

"Regional Administrator" (RCRA and UIC) means the Regional Administrator of the USEPA Region in which the facility is located or the Regional Administrator's designee. BOARD NOTE: Illinois is in USEPA Region 5.

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"Remedial action plan" or "RAP" (RCRA) means a special form of RCRA permit that a facility owner or operator may obtain pursuant to Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703, instead of a RCRA permit issued pursuant to this Part and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703, to authorize the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous remediation waste (as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.110) at a remediation waste management site.

"Sanitary waste" (UIC) means liquid or solid wastes originating solely from humans and human activities, such as wastes collected from toilets, showers, wash basins, sinks used for cleaning domestic areas, sinks used for food preparation, clothes washing operations, and sinks or washing machines where food and beverage serving dishes, glasses, and utensils are cleaned. Sources of these wastes may include single or multiple residences, hotels and motels, restaurants, bunkhouses, schools, ranger stations, crew quarters, guard stations, campgrounds, picnic grounds, day-use recreation areas, other commercial facilities, and industrial facilities, provided the waste is not mixed with industrial waste.

"Schedule of compliance" (RCRA and UIC) means a schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (for example, actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the appropriate act and regulations.

"SDWA" (UIC) means the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 USC 300f et seq.).

"Septic system" (UIC) means a well, as defined in this Section, that is used to emplace sanitary waste below the surface and which is typically comprised of a septic tank and subsurface fluid distribution system or disposal system.

"Site" (RCRA and UIC) means the land or water area where any facility or activity is physically located or conducted, including adjacent land used in connection with the facility or activity.

"SIC code" (RCRA and UIC) means "Standard Industrial Classification code." This is the code assigned to a site by the United States Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, based on the particular activities that occur on the site, as set forth in its publication, "Standard Industrial Classification Manual," incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111.

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"State" (RCRA and UIC) means the State of Illinois.

"State Director" (RCRA and UIC) means the Director of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

"State/USEPA agreement" (RCRA and UIC) means an agreement between the Regional Administrator and the State that coordinates USEPA and State activities, responsibilities, and programs, including those under the RCRA and SDWA.

"Storage" (RCRA) means the holding of hazardous waste for a temporary period, at the end of which the hazardous waste is treated, disposed of, or stored elsewhere.

"Stratum" (plural "strata") (UIC) means a single sedimentary bed or layer, regardless of thickness, that consists of generally the same kind of rock material.

"Subsurface fluid distribution system" (UIC) means an assemblage of perforated pipes, drain tiles, or other similar mechanisms intended to distribute fluids below the surface of the ground.

"Total dissolved solids" (UIC) means the total dissolved (filterable) solids as determined by use of the method specified in 40 CFR 136.3 (Identification of Test Procedures; the method for filterable residue), incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111.

"Transfer facility" (RCRA) means any transportation related facility, including loading docks, parking areas, storage areas, and other similar areas where shipments of hazardous wastes are held during the normal course of transportation.

"Transferee" (UIC) means the owner or operator receiving ownership or operational control of the well.

"Transferor" (UIC) means the owner or operator transferring ownership or operational control of the well.

"Transporter" (RCRA) means a person engaged in the off-site transportation of "hazardous waste" by air, rail, highway, or water.

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"Treatment" (RCRA) means any method, technique, process, including neutralization, designed to change the physical, chemical, or biological character or composition of any "hazardous waste" so as to neutralize such wastes, or so as to recover energy or material resources from the waste, or so as to render such wastes non-hazardous or less hazardous; safer to transport, store, or dispose of; or amenable for recovery, amenable for storage, or reduced in volume.

"UIC" (UIC) means the Underground Injection Control program.

"Underground injection" (UIC) means a well injection.

"Underground source of drinking water" or "USDW" (RCRA and UIC) means an aquifer or its portion that is not an exempted aquifer and of which either of the following is true:

It supplies any public water system; or

It contains a sufficient quantity of groundwater to supply a public water system; and

It currently supplies drinking water for human consumption; or

It contains less than $10,000 \text{ mg/}\ell$ total dissolved solids.

"USDW" (RCRA and UIC) means an underground source of drinking water.

"Wastewater treatment unit" (RCRA) means a device of which the following is true:

It is part of a wastewater treatment facility that is subject to regulation pursuant to Subpart A of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309 or 35 Ill. Adm. Code 310; and

It receives and treats or stores an influent wastewater that is a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103, or generates and accumulates a wastewater treatment sludge that is a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103, or treats or stores a wastewater treatment sludge that is a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103, or treats or stores a wastewater treatment sludge that is a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103, or treats or stores a wastewater treatment sludge that is a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103, or treats or stores a wastewater treatment sludge that is a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103; and

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It meets the definition of tank or tank system in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.110.

"Well" (UIC) means a bored, drilled, or driven shaft, or a dug hole, whose depth is greater than the largest surface dimension; a dug hole whose depth is greater than the largest surface dimension; or an improved sinkhole; or, a subsurface fluid distribution system.

"Well injection" (UIC) means the subsurface emplacement of fluids through a well.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 124.2, 144.3 and 270.2-(2005) (2010), as amended at 70 <u>75</u> Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005)<u>77230 (Dec. 10, 2010)</u>.

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART B: PERMIT APPLICATIONS

Section 702.123 Information Requirements

An applicant for a RCRA or UIC <u>Class I, III, or V</u> permit must provide the following information to the Agency, using the application form provided by the Agency (additional information required of applicants is set forth in Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703 (RCRA) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.161 (UIC)). <u>An applicant for a Class VI injection well permit must follow the criteria provided in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.182.</u>

- a) The activities conducted by the applicant that require it to obtain a permit under RCRA or UIC.
- b) The name, mailing address, and location of the facility for which the application is submitted.
- c) Up to four SIC codes that best reflect the principal products or services provided by the facility.
- d) The operator's name, address, telephone number, ownership status, and status as Federal, State, private, public, or other entity.

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- f) A listing of all permits or construction approvals received or applied for under any of the following programs:
 - 1) The hazardous waste management program under RCRA, this Part, and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703;
 - 2) The UIC program under SDWA, this Part, and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704;
 - 3) The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program under the federal CWA (33 USC 1251 et seq.) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309;
 - 4) The Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) program under the federal Clean Air Act (42 USC 7401 et seq.);
 - 5) The nonattainment program under the federal Clean Air Act;
 - 6) The National Emission Standards for Hazardous Pollutants (NESHAPs) preconstruction approval under the federal Clean Air Act;
 - 7) Any ocean dumping permits under the federal Marine Protection Research and Sanctuaries Act (33 UCS 1401 et seq.);
 - 8) Any dredge or fill permits under Section 404 of CWA (33 USC 1344); and
 - 9) Any other relevant environmental permits, including any State-issued permits.
- g) A topographic map (or other map if a topographic map is unavailable) extending 1609 meters (one mile) beyond the property boundaries of the source, depicting the facility and each of its intake and discharge structures; each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities; each well where fluids from the facility are injected underground; and those wells, springs, other surface water bodies, and drinking water wells listed in public records or which are otherwise

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known to the applicant within 402 meters (one-quarter mile) of the facility property boundary.

h) A brief description of the nature of the business.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR-144.31(e) 144.31(e)(1) through (e)(8), 270.10(d), and 270.13 (2005) 270.13(a) through (f) and (k) through (m) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART C: PERMIT CONDITIONS

Section 702.150 Monitoring and Records

- a) Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring must be representative of the monitored activity.
- b) The permittee must retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation; copies of all reports required by its permit; and records of all data used to complete the application for its permit for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by request of the Agency at any time.
- c) Records of monitoring information must include all of the following information:
 - 1) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - 2) The individuals who performed the sampling or measurements;
 - 3) The dates analyses were performed;
 - 4) The individuals who performed the analyses;
 - 5) The analytical techniques or methods used; and
 - 6) The results of such analyses.

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<u>d)</u> The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must retain records as specified in Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730, including Sections 730.184(g), 730.191(f), 730.192(d), 730.193(f), and 730.193(h).

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.51(j) and 270.30(j) (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 702.161 Duration of Permits

- a) Permit duration.
 - RCRA. A RCRA permit must be effective for a fixed term to be determined by the Agency on a case-by-case basis, but not to exceed ten <u>10</u> years.
 - 2) UIC. A UIC permit for a Class I or Class V injection well must be effective for a fixed term to be determined by the Agency on a case-bycase basis, but not to exceed ten 10 years. A UIC permit for a Class III injection well must be issued for a period not to exceed five years; provided, however, that the Agency must, without requiring a new application, renew such permits for a period not to exceed five years per renewal, up to the operating life of the facility, unless the Agency determines that the permit should be modified, reissued, or a minor modification made, as provided in Sections 702.183 through 702.187, in which case the permittee must file a new permit application. A UIC permit for a Class VI injection well must be issued for a period not to exceed five years; provided, however, that the Agency must, without requiring a new application, renew such permits for a period not to exceed five years per renewal, up to the operating life of the facility and the postinjection site care period, unless the Agency determines that the permit should be modified, reissued, or a minor modification made, as provided in Sections 702.183 through 702.187, in which case the permittee must file a new permit application.
- b) Except as provided in Section 702.125, the term of a permit must not be extended by modification beyond the maximum duration specified in this Section.

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- c) The Agency may issue any permit for a duration that is less than the full allowable term pursuant to this Section.
- d) The Agency must review each RCRA permit for a land disposal facility no later than five years after the date of permit issuance or reissuance, and the Agency must modify the permit as necessary, as provided in Section 702.183 and 702.184.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.36 and 270.50-(2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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1) <u>Heading of the Part</u>: UIC Permit Program

2) <u>Code citation</u>: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704

3)	Section numbers:	Proposed action:
	704.102	Amend
	704.103	Amend
	704.104	Amend
	704.106	Amend
	704.122	Amend
	704.123	Amend
	704.125	New Section
	704.128	New Section
	704.129	New Section
	704.142	Amend
	704.150	Amend
	704.162	Amend
	704.181	Amend
	704.182	Amend
	704.184	Amend
	704.189	Amend
	704.190	Amend
	704.260	Amend
	704.262	Amend
	704.264	Amend
	704.280	Amend

4) <u>Statutory authority</u>: 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 13, and 27.

5) <u>A Complete description of the subjects and issues involved</u>:

The amendments to Part 704 are a single segment of the docket R11-14 rulemaking that also affects 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 705, and 730, each of which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the Illinois Register. To save space, a more detailed description of the subjects and issues involved in the docket R11-14 rulemaking in this Illinois Register only in the answer to question 5 in the Notice of Adopted Amendments for 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011, proposing amendments in docket R11-14, which opinion and order is available from the address below.

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Specifically, the amendments to Part 704 implement the federal standards for Class VI carbon sequestration injection wells in Illinois.

Tables appear in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011 in docket R11-14 that list numerous corrections and amendments that are not based on current federal amendments. The tables contain deviations from the literal text of the federal amendments underlying these amendments, as well as corrections and clarifications that the Board made in the base text involved. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the October 6, 2011 opinion and order in docket R11-14.

Section 13(c) of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/13(c)] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

- 6) <u>Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose this</u> <u>rulemaking:</u> None
- 7) <u>Will these proposed amendments replace emergency amendments currently in effect?</u> No.
- 8) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?</u>: No.
- 9) Do these proposed amendments contain incorporations by reference? No.
- 11) Are there any other amendments pending on this Part? No.
- 10) <u>Statement of statewide policy objectives</u>:

These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2008)].

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12) <u>Time, Place and manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed</u> rulemaking:

The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference docket <u>R11-14</u> and be addressed to:

John T. Therriault, Assistant Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago, IL 60601

Please direct inquiries to the following person and reference docket <u>R11-14</u>:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601 Phone: 312-814-6924 E-mail: mccambm@ipcb.state.il.us

Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312-814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at <u>http://www.ipcb.state.il.us</u>.

- 13) Initial regulatory flexibility analysis:
 - A) <u>Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations</u> <u>affected</u>:

This rulemaking may affect those small businesses, small municipalities, and notfor-profit corporations that own or operate an underground injection well. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

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B) <u>Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance:</u>

The existing rules and proposed amendments require extensive reporting, bookkeeping and other procedures, including the preparation of manifests and annual reports, waste analyses and maintenance of operating records. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

C) <u>Types of professional skills necessary for compliance</u>:

Compliance with the existing rules and proposed amendments may require the services of an attorney, certified public accountant, chemist, and registered professional engineer. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

14) <u>Regulatory agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized:</u>

December 17, 2010, 34 Ill. Reg. 19623, 19687

The full text of the proposed amendments begins on the next page:

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NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER b: PERMITS

PART 704 UIC PERMIT PROGRAM

SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

- Section 704.101
- 704.101 Content 704.102 Scope of the Permit or Ru
- 704.102Scope of the Permit or Rule Requirement
- 704.103Identification of Aquifers
- 704.104 Exempted Aquifers
- 704.105 Specific Inclusions and Exclusions
- 704.106 Classification of Injection Wells
- 704.107 Definitions
- 704.108 Electronic Reporting

SUBPART B: PROHIBITIONS

Section

- 704.121 Prohibition Against Unauthorized Injection
- 704.122 Prohibition Against Movement of Fluid into USDW
- 704.123 Identification of USDWs and Exempted Aquifers
- 704.124 Prohibition Against Class IV Injection Wells
- 704.125 Prohibition Against Non-Experimental Class V Injection Wells for Geologic Sequestration
- 704.128 Requirements for Class VI Injection Wells
- 704.129 Transitioning from a Class II Injection Well to a Class VI Injection Well

SUBPART C: AUTHORIZATION OF UNDERGROUND INJECTION BY RULE

Section

- 704.141 Existing Class I and III Injection Wells
- 704.142 Prohibitions Against Injection into Wells Authorized by Rule
- 704.143 Expiration of Authorization
- 704.144 Requirements
- 704.145 Existing Class IV Injection Wells
- 704.146 Class V Injection Wells

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- 704.147 Requiring a Permit
- 704.148 Inventory Requirements
- 704.149 Requiring other Information
- 704.150 Requirements for Class I and III Injection Wells Authorized by Rule
- 704.151 RCRA Interim Status for Class I Injection Wells

SUBPART D: APPLICATION FOR PERMIT

- Section
- 704.161 Application for Permit; Authorization by Permit
- Area Permits
- 704.163 Emergency Permits
- 704.164 Signatories to Permit Applications

SUBPART E: PERMIT CONDITIONS

Section

- 704.181 Additional Conditions
- 704.182Establishing UIC Permit Conditions
- 704.183 Construction Requirements
- 704.184 Corrective Action
- 704.185 Operation Requirements
- 704.186 Hazardous Waste Requirements
- 704.187 Monitoring and Reporting
- 704.188 Plugging and Abandonment
- 704.189 Financial Responsibility
- 704.190 Mechanical Integrity
- 704.191 Additional Conditions
- 704.192 Waiver of Requirements by Agency
- 704.193 Corrective Action
- 704.194 Maintenance and Submission of Records

SUBPART F: REQUIREMENTS FOR WELLS INJECTING HAZARDOUS WASTE

Section

- 704.201 Applicability
- 704.202 Authorization
- 704.203 Requirements

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SUBPART G: FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR CLASS I HAZARDOUS WASTE INJECTION WELLS

Section	L

- 704.210 Applicability
- 704.211 Definitions
- 704.212 Cost Estimate for Plugging and Abandonment
- 704.213 Financial Assurance for Plugging and Abandonment
- 704.214 Trust Fund
- 704.215 Surety Bond Guaranteeing Payment
- 704.216Surety Bond Guaranteeing Performance
- 704.217Letter of Credit
- 704.218 Plugging and Abandonment Insurance
- 704.219 Financial Test and Corporate Guarantee
- 704.220 Multiple Financial Mechanisms
- 704.221 Financial Mechanism for Multiple Facilities
- 704.222 Release of the Owner or Operator
- 704.230 Incapacity
- 704.240 Wording of the Instruments

SUBPART H: ISSUED PERMITS

Section

- 704.260 Transfer
- 704.261 Modification
- 704.262 Causes for Modification
- 704.263 Well Siting
- 704.264 Minor Modifications

SUBPART I: REQUIREMENTS FOR CLASS V INJECTION WELLS

- Section
- 704.279 General
- 704.280 Definition of a Class V Injection Well
- 704.281 Examples of Class V Injection Wells
- 704.282 Protection of Underground Sources of Drinking Water
- 704.283 Notification of a Class V Injection Well
- 704.284 Permit Requirements
- 704.285 Applicability of the Additional Requirements
- 704.286 Definitions
- 704.287 Location in a Groundwater Protection Area or Another Sensitive Area
- 704.288 Additional Requirements

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704.289 Closure of a Class V Injection Well

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 7.2, 13, and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 13, 22.4, and 27].

SOURCE: Adopted in R81-32 at 6 Ill. Reg. 12479, effective March 3, 1984; amended in R82-19, at 7 Ill. Reg. 14402, effective March 3, 1984; amended in R83-39, at 55 PCB 319, at 7 Ill. Reg. 17338, effective December 19, 1983; amended in R85-23 at 10 Ill. Reg. 13290, effective July 29, 1986; amended in R87-29 at 12 Ill. Reg. 6687, effective March 28, 1988; amended in R88-2 at 12 Ill. Reg. 13700, effective August 16, 1988; amended in R88-17 at 13 Ill. Reg. 478, effective December 30, 1988; amended in R89-2 at 14 Ill. Reg. 3116, effective February 20, 1990; amended in R94-17 at 18 Ill. Reg. 17641, effective November 23, 1994; amended in R94-5 at 18 Ill. Reg. 18351, effective December 20, 1994; amended in R00-11/R01-1 at 24 Ill. Reg. 18612, effective December 7, 2000; amended in R01-30 at 25 Ill. Reg. 11139, effective August 14, 2001; amended in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 Ill. Reg. 605, effective December 20, 2006; amended in R11-14 at 36 Ill. Reg. ______, effective ______.

SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 704.102 Scope of the Permit or Rule Requirement

Although five six classes of wells are set forth in Section 704.106, the UIC (Underground Injection Control) permit program described in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 704, 705, and 730 regulates underground injection for only four five classes of wells (see definition of "well injection," 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.110). Class II wells (Section 704.106(b)) are not subject to the requirements found in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 704, 705, and 730. The UIC permit program for Class II wells is regulated by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Mines and Minerals, Oil and Gas Division, pursuant to the Illinois Oil and Gas Act [225 ILCS 725] (see 62 Ill. Adm. Code 240). The owner or operator of a Class I, Class III, Class IV, or Class V injection well must be authorized either by permit or by rule. In carrying out the mandate of the SDWA. this Part provides that no injection may be authorized by permit or by rule if it results in movement of fluid containing any contaminant into underground sources of drinking water (USDWs) (Section 704.122), if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of any primary drinking water regulation under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 611, or if the presence of that contaminant may adversely affect the health of persons (Section 704.122). Section 704.124 prohibits the construction, operation, or maintenance of a Class IV injection well. A Class V injection well is regulated under Subpart I of this Part. If remedial action appears necessary for a Class V injection well, an individual permit may be required (Subpart C of this Part) or the Agency must require remedial action or closure by order (see Section 704.122(c)).

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BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.1(g) preamble (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 704.103 Identification of Aquifers

During UIC program development, the Agency may identify aquifers and portions of aquifers that are actual or potential sources of drinking water. This identification will provide an aid to the Agency in carrying out its duty to protect all USDWs. An aquifer is a USDW if it fits the definition in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.110, even if it has not been identified by the Agency.

BOARD NOTE: See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.106. Derived from 40 CFR 144.1(g) (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 704.104 Exempted Aquifers

The Board may designate "exempted aquifers" using criteria in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730. Such an aquifer is one that would otherwise qualify as a USDW to be protected, but which has no real potential to be used as a source of drinking water. Therefore they are not USDWs. No aquifer is an "exempted aquifer" until it has been affirmatively designated under the procedures <u>set forth in</u> Section 704.123. An aquifer that does not fit the definition of a USDW is not an exempted aquifer. It is simply not subject to the special protection afforded a USDW. <u>During initial Class</u> <u>VI injection well program development</u>, the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption for Class VI injection wells must not be expanded. All Class II to Class VI injection well aquifer exemption expansions previously issued must be incorporated into the Class VI injection well program descriptions required by USEPA pursuant to 40 CFR 145.23(f)(9).

BOARD NOTE: See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.105. Derived from 40 CFR 144.1(g) (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 704.106 Classification of Injection Wells

Injection wells are classified as follows:

- a) Class I injection wells. Any of the following is a Class I injection well:
 - 1) A well used by a generator of hazardous waste or the owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility to inject hazardous waste beneath the lowermost formation containing a USDW within 402 meters (onequarter mile) of the well bore.
 - 2) Any other industrial and municipal disposal well that injects fluids beneath the lowermost formation containing a USDW within 402 meters (one-quarter mile) of the well bore.
 - 3) A radioactive waste disposal well that injects fluids below the lowermost formation containing a USDW within 402 meters (one-quarter mile) of the well bore.
- b) Class II injection wells. Any well that injects any of the following fluids is a Class II injection well:
 - Fluids that are brought to the surface in connection with natural gas storage operations, or conventional oil or natural gas production, and which may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants that are an integral part of production operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection;
 - 2) Fluids injected for enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas; and
 - 3) Fluids injected for storage of hydrocarbons that are liquid at standard temperature and pressure.
- c) Class III injection wells. Any well that injects fluids for the extraction of minerals, including the following:
 - 1) The mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;

- 2) The in-situ production of uranium or other metals. This category includes only in-situ production from ore bodies that have not been conventionally mined. Solution mining of conventional mines, such as stopes leaching, is included as a Class V injection well; and
- 3) Solution mining of salts or potash.
- d) Class IV injection wells. Any of the following is a Class IV injection well:
 - 1) A well used by a generator of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by the owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility or by the owner or operator of a radioactive waste disposal site to dispose of hazardous wastes or radioactive wastes into a formation that contains a USDW within 402 meters (one-quarter mile) of the well.
 - 2) A well used by a generator of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by the owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility, or by the owner or operator of a radioactive waste disposal site to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste above a formation that contains a USDW within 402 meters (one-quarter mile) of the well.
 - 3) A well used by a generator of hazardous waste or the owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility to dispose of hazardous waste, that cannot be classified under any of subsections (a)(1), (d)(1), or (d)(2) of this Section (e.g., a well that is used to dispose of hazardous waste into or above a formation that contains an aquifer that has been exempted pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.104).
- e) Class V injection wells. Any injection well that is not classified as a Class I, II, III, or-IV, <u>or VI</u> injection well. <u>Section 704.281 describes specific types of Class</u> <u>V injection wells.</u>
- <u>f)</u> <u>Class VI injection wells.</u>
 - 1) <u>An injection well that is not experimental in nature which is used for</u> <u>geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide beneath the lowermost formation</u> <u>containing a USDW;</u>

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- 2) An injection well that is used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide which has been granted a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements pursuant to Section 730.195; or
- 3) An injection well that is used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide which has received an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption pursuant to Section 704.123(d) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.104.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.6-(2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART B: PROHIBITIONS

Section 704.122 Prohibition Against Movement of Fluid into USDW

- a) No owner or operator may construct, operate, maintain, convert, plug, abandon, or conduct any other injection activity in a manner that allows the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into a USDW, if the presence of that contaminant could cause a violation of any national primary drinking water regulation under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 611 (derived from 40 CFR 141) or could otherwise adversely affect the health of persons. The applicant for a permit has the burden of showing that the requirement of this subsection (a) is met.
- b) For a Class I, or III, or VI injection well, if any water quality monitoring of a USDW indicates the movement of any contaminant into the USDW, except as authorized under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730, the Agency must prescribe such additional requirements for construction, corrective action, operation, monitoring or reporting (including closure of the injection well) as are necessary to prevent such movement. In the case of a well authorized by permit, these additional requirements must be imposed by modifying the permit in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.183 through 702.185, or appropriate enforcement action may be taken if the permit has been violated, and the permit may be subject to revocation under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.186 if cause exists. In the case of wells authorized by rule, see Section 704.141 through 704.146.

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- c) For a Class V injection well, if at any time the Agency learns that a Class V injection well could cause a violation of any national primary drinking water regulation under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 611 (derived from 40 CFR 141), it must undertake one of the following actions:
 - 1) It must require the injector to obtain an individual permit;
 - 2) It must issue a permit that requires the injector to take such actions (including, where necessary, closure of the injection well) as may be necessary to prevent the violation; or
 - 3) It may initiate enforcement action.
- d) Whenever the Agency learns that a Class V injection well may be otherwise adversely affecting the health of persons, it may prescribe such actions as may be necessary to prevent the adverse effect, including any action authorized under subsection (c) of this Section.
- e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the Agency may take emergency action upon receipt of information that a contaminant that is present in or is likely to enter a public water system or a USDW may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to the health of persons. The Agency may declare an emergency and affix a seal pursuant to Section 34 of the Act [415 ILCS 5/34].

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.12 (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (December 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 704.123 Identification of USDWs and Exempted Aquifers

a) The Agency may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and must protect, except where exempted under subsection (b) of this Section, as a USDW, any aquifer or part of an aquifer that meets the definition of a USDW set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.110, except as one of the exceptions of subsections (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this Section applies Other than Agency-approved aquifer exemption expansions that meet the criteria set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.104, a new aquifer exemption must not be issued for a Class VI injection well. Even if an aquifer has not been specifically identified by the

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Agency, it is a USDW if it meets the definition in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.110. Identification of USDWs must be made according to criteria adopted by the Agency pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.106.

- The Agency may not identify an aquifer or part of an aquifer as a USDW to the extent that there is an applicable aquifer exemption under subsection (b) of this Section.
- 2) The Agency may not identify an aquifer or part of an aquifer as a USDW to the extent that the aquifer or part of an aquifer is an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or is subject to an enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration under subsection (d) of this Section.
- b) Identification of an exempted aquifer.
 - 1) The Agency may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and describe in geographic or geometric terms (such as vertical and lateral limits and gradient) that are clear and definite, any aquifer or part of an aquifer that the Agency desires the Board to designate as an exempted aquifer using the criteria in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.104, as described in this subsection (b).
 - 2) No designation of an exempted aquifer may be final until approved by USEPA as part of the State program.
 - 3) Subsequent to program approval, the Board may identify additional exempted aquifers.
 - Identification of exempted aquifers must be by rulemaking pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102 and 702.105 and Sections 27 and 28 of the Act [415 ILCS 5/27 and 28], considering the criteria set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.104.
- c) For a Class III injection well, an applicant for a permit that necessitates an aquifer exemption under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.104(b)(1) must furnish the data necessary to demonstrate that the aquifer is expected to be mineral or hydrocarbon producing. Information contained in the mining plan for the proposed project,

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such as a map and general description of the mining zone, general information on the mineralogy and geochemistry of the mining zone, analysis of the amenability of the mining zone to the proposed mining method, and a timetable of planned development of the mining zone must be considered by the Board in addition to the information required by Section 704.161(c). Approval of the exempted aquifer must be by rulemaking pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102 and 702.105 and Sections 27 and 28 of the Act [415 ILCS 5/27 and 28]. Rules will not become final until approved by USEPA as a program revision.

- <u>d</u>) Expansion to the Areal Extent of Existing Class II Aquifer Exemptions for Class VI Wells. The owner or operator of a Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery well may request that the Agency approve an expansion to the areal extent of an aquifer exemption already in place for a Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery well for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration. Such a request must be treated as a revision to the applicable federal UIC program under 40 CFR 147 or as a substantial program revision to an approved state UIC program under 40 CFR 145.32 and will not be final until approved by USEPA.
 - The request for an expansion of the areal extent of an existing aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration must define (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and describe in geographic or geometric terms (such as vertical and lateral limits and gradient) that are clear and definite, all aquifers or parts of aquifers that are requested to be designated as exempted using the criteria in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.104.
 - <u>In making a determination to expand the areal extent of an aquifer</u> exemption of a Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery well for the purpose of Class VI injection, the Agency must determine that the request meets the criteria for exemptions in 35 Ill. Adm. Code</u> 730.104. In evaluating a request, the Agency must consider:
 - A) Any current and potential future use of the USDWs to be exempted as drinking water resources;
 - B) The predicted extent of the injected carbon dioxide plume, and any mobilized fluids that may result in degradation of water quality, over the lifetime of the geologic sequestration project, as informed

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by computational modeling performed pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.184(c)(1), in order to ensure that the proposed injection operation will not at any time endanger USDWs including nonexempted portions of the injection formation;

- C) Whether the areal extent of the expanded aquifer exemption is of sufficient size to account for any possible revisions to the computational model during reevaluation of the area of review, pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.184(e); and
- D) Any information submitted to support a request by the owner or operator for a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.195, if appropriate.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.7 (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

<u>Section 704.125</u> Prohibition Against Non-Experimental Class V Injection Wells for <u>Geologic Sequestration</u>

The construction, operation, or maintenance of any non-experimental Class V geologic sequestration well is prohibited.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.15 (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 704.128 Requirements for Class VI Injection Wells

The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must obtain a permit. A Class VI well cannot be authorized by rule to inject carbon dioxide.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.18 (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

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(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective

Section 704.129 Transitioning from a Class II Injection Well to a Class VI Injection Well

- a) The owner or operator of a Class II injection well that is injecting carbon dioxide into an oil and gas reservoir for the primary purpose of long-term storage must apply for and obtain a Class VI injection well geologic sequestration permit when there is an increased risk to a USDW compared to usual Class II injection well operations. In determining if there is an increased risk to a USDW, the owner or operator must consider the factors specified for Agency consideration in subsection (b) of this Section.
- b) The Agency must determine when there is an increased risk to a USDW from injecting carbon dioxide into an oil and gas reservoir for the primary purpose of long-term storage compared to usual Class II injection well operations and that a Class VI injection well permit is required. In order to make this determination the Agency must consider the following factors:
 - 1) Any increase in reservoir pressure within the injection zones;
 - 2) Any increase in carbon dioxide injection rates;
 - 3) Any decrease in reservoir production rates;
 - 4) The distance between the injection zones and USDWs;
 - 5) The suitability of the Class II injection well area of review delineation;
 - 6) The quality of abandoned well plugs within the area of review;
 - 7) The owner's or operator's plan for recovery of carbon dioxide after the cessation of injection;
 - 8) The source and properties of injected carbon dioxide; and
 - 9) Any additional site-specific factors that the Agency determines are necessary to determine whether the injection poses greater risk that usual Class II operations.

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BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.19 (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART C: AUTHORIZATION OF UNDERGROUND INJECTION BY RULE

Section 704.142 Prohibitions Against Injection into Wells Authorized by Rule

An owner or operator of a well authorized by rule pursuant to this Subpart C is prohibited from injecting into the well on the occurrence of any of the following:

- a) Upon the effective date of an applicable permit denial;
- b) Upon a failure to submit a permit application in a timely manner pursuant to Section 704.147 or 704.161;
- c) Upon a failure to submit inventory information in a timely manner pursuant to Section 704.148;
- d) Upon a failure to comply with a request for information in a timely manner pursuant to Section 704.149;
- e) Upon a failure to provide alternative financial assurance pursuant to Section 704.150(d)(6);
- f) 48 hours after receipt of a determination by the Agency pursuant to Section 704.150(f)(3) that the well lacks mechanical integrity, unless the Agency orders immediate cessation pursuant to Section 34 of the Act or as ordered by a court pursuant to Section 43 of the Act [415 ILCS 5/43];
- g) Upon receipt of notification from the Agency that the transferee has not demonstrated financial assurance pursuant to Section 704.150(d);
- h) For Class I and Class III injection wells: after March 3, 1989, unless a timely and complete permit application for a permit was pending the Agency's decision; or

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 This subsection (i) corresponds with 40 CFR 144.21(c)(9), a provision related to Class II injection wells, which are regulated by the Illinois Department of <u>Natural</u> <u>Resources, Office of Mines and Minerals, and not by the Board</u>. This statement maintains structural consistency with USEPA rules.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.21(c) (2005) (2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 704.150 Requirements for Class I and III Injection Wells Authorized by Rule

The following requirements apply to the owner or operator of a Class I or Class III well authorized by rule under this Subpart C, as provided by Section 704.144.

- a) The owner or operator must comply with all applicable requirements of this Subpart C and with Sections 704.121, 704.122, 704.124, 704.201, 704.202, and 704.203. Any noncompliance with these requirements constitutes a violation of the Act and SDWA and is grounds for enforcement action, except that the owner or operator need not comply with these requirements to the extent and for the duration such noncompliance is authorized by an emergency permit under Section 704.163.
- b) Twenty-four hour reporting. The owner or operator must report any noncompliance that may endanger health or the environment, including either of the events described in subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this Section, subject to the conditions of subsection (b)(3) of this Section:
 - 1) Any monitoring or other information that indicates that any contaminant may cause an endangerment to a USDW; or
 - 2) Any noncompliance or malfunction of the injection system that may cause fluid migration into or between <u>USDW's USDWs</u>.
 - 3) Any information must be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the owner or operator becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission must also be provided within five days of the time the owner or operator becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission must contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the

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noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance.

- c) Plugging and abandonment plan.
 - The owner or operator must prepare, maintain, and comply with a plan for plugging and abandonment of the wells or project that meets the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.110. For purposes of this subsection (c), temporary intermittent cessation of injection operations is not abandonment.
 - 2) Submission of plan.
 - A) The owner or operator must submit the plan on any forms prescribed by the Agency.
 - B) The owner or operator must submit any proposed significant revision to the method of plugging reflected in the plan no later than the notice of plugging required by subsection (i) of this Section (i.e., 45 days prior to plugging, unless shorter notice is approved).
 - C) The plan must include the following information:
 - i) The nature and quantity and material to be used in plugging;
 - ii) The location and extent (by depth) of the plugs;
 - iii) Any proposed test or measurement to be made;
 - iv) The amount, size, and location (by depth) of casing to be left in the well;
 - v) The method and location where casing is to be parted; and
 - vi) The estimated cost of plugging the well.

- D) After a cessation of operations of two years, the owner or operator must plug and abandon the well in accordance with the plan, unless the owner or operator performs both of the following actions:
 - i) It provides written notice to the Agency; and
 - ii) It describes actions or procedures, satisfactory to the Agency that the owner or operator will take to ensure that the well will not endanger USDW's-a USDW during the period of temporary abandonment. These actions and procedures must include compliance with the technical requirements applicable to active injection wells, unless the operator obtains regulatory relief in the form of a variance or adjusted standard from the technical requirements pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104 and Title IX of the Act [415 ILCS 5/Title IX].
- E) The owner or operator of any well that has been temporarily abandoned (ceased operations for more than two years and which has met the requirements of subsections (c)(2)(D)(i) and (c)(2)(D)(ii)) of this Section must notify the Agency in writing prior to resuming operation of the well.
- d) Financial responsibility.
 - 1) The owner or operator or transferor of a Class I or Class III injection well is required to demonstrate and maintain financial responsibility and resources to close, plug, and abandon the underground injection operation in a manner acceptable to the Agency until one of the following has occurred:
 - A) The well has been plugged and abandoned in accordance with an approved plugging and abandonment plan pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.110 and submission of a plugging and abandonment report has been made pursuant to subsection (k) of this Section;
 - B) The well has been converted in compliance with subsection (j) of this Section; or

- C) The transferor has received notice from the Agency that the transferee has demonstrated financial responsibility for the well. The owner or operator must show evidence of such financial responsibility to the Agency by the submission of a surety bond or other adequate assurance, such as a financial statement.
- 2) The owner or operator was to have submitted such evidence no later than March 3, 1985. Where the ownership or operational control of the well was transferred later than March 3, 1985, the transferee must submit such evidence no later than the date specified in the notice required pursuant to subsection (l)(2) of this Section.
- 3) The Agency may require the owner or operator to submit a revised demonstration of financial responsibility if the Agency has reason to believe that the original demonstration is no longer adequate to cover the cost of closing, plugging, and abandoning the well.
- 4) The owner or operator of a well injecting hazardous waste must comply with the financial responsibility requirements of Subpart G of this Part.
- 5) An owner or operator must notify the Agency by certified mail of the commencement of any voluntary or involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy) of the United States Code that names the owner or operator as debtor, within 10 business days after the commencement of the proceeding. Any party acting as guarantor for the owner or operator for the purpose of financial responsibility must so notify the Agency if the guarantor is named as debtor in any such proceeding.
- 6) In the event of commencement of a proceeding specified in subsection (d)(5) of this Section, an owner or operator that has furnished a financial statement for the purpose of demonstrating financial responsibility pursuant to this Section will be deemed to be in violation of this subsection (d) until an alternative financial assurance demonstration acceptable to the Agency is provided either by the owner or operator or by its trustee in bankruptcy, receiver, or other authorized party. All parties must be prohibited from injecting into the well until such alternative financial assurance is provided.

- e) This subsection (e) corresponds with 40 CFR 144.28(e), which pertains exclusively to enhanced recovery and hydrocarbon storage wells (Class II wells). Those wells are regulated by the Illinois Department of <u>Natural Resources</u>, <u>Office</u> <u>of</u> Mines and Minerals, rather than by the Board and the Agency. This statement maintains structural consistency with USEPA rules.
- f) Operating requirements.
 - 1) No person must cause or allow injection between the outermost casing protecting USDWs and the well bore.
 - 2) Maintenance of mechanical integrity.
 - A) The owner or operator of a Class I or Class III injection well authorized by rule under this Subpart C must establish and maintain mechanical integrity, as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.106, until either of the following has occurred:
 - The well is properly plugged and abandoned in accordance with an approved plugging and abandonment plan pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.110 and a plugging and abandonment report is submitted pursuant to subsection (k); or
 - ii) The well is converted in compliance with subsection (j) of this Section.
 - B) The Agency may require by permit condition that the owner or operator comply with a schedule describing when mechanical integrity demonstrations must be made.
 - 3) Cessation upon Lack of Mechanical Integrity.
 - A) When the Agency determines that a Class I (non-hazardous) or Class III injection well lacks mechanical integrity pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.108, the Agency must give written notice of its determination to the owner or operator.

- B) Unless the Agency requires immediate cessation, the owner or operator must cease injection into the well within 48 hours of receipt of the Agency's determination.
- C) The Agency may allow plugging of the well in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.110, or require the owner or operator to perform such additional construction, operation, monitoring, reporting, and corrective action as is necessary to prevent the movement of fluid into or between USDWs caused by the lack of mechanical integrity.
- D) The owner or operator may resume injection upon receipt of written notification from the Agency that the owner or operator has demonstrated mechanical integrity pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.108.
- 4) The Agency may allow the owner or operator of a well that lacks mechanical integrity pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.108(a)(1) to continue or resume injection if the owner or operator has made a satisfactory demonstration that there is no movement of fluid into or between USDWs.
- 5) For a Class I injection well, unless an alternative to a packer has been approved under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.112(c), the owner or operator must fill the annulus between the tubing and the long string of casings with a fluid approved by the Agency and maintain a pressure, also approved by the Agency, on the annulus. The owner or operator of a Class I well completed with tubing and packer must fill the annulus between tubing and casing with a non-corrosive fluid and maintain a positive pressure on the annulus. For any other Class I injection well, the owner or operator must insure that the alternative completion method will reliably provide a comparable level of protection of USDWs.
- 6) Injection pressure for Class I and III injection wells.
 - A) Except during stimulation, the owner or operator must not exceed an injection pressure at the wellhead that must be calculated so as to assure that the pressure during injection does not initiate new fractures or propagate existing fractures in the injection zone; and

- B) The owner or operator must not inject at a pressure that will initiate fractures in the confining zone or cause the movement of injection or formation fluids into a USDW.
- g) Monitoring Requirements. The owner or operator must perform the monitoring as described in this subsection (g). Monitoring of the nature of the injected fluids must comply with applicable analytical methods cited in tables IA (List of Approved Biological Methods), IB (List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures), IC (List of Approved Test Procedures for Non-Pesticide Organic Compounds), ID (List of Approved Test Procedures for Pesticides), IE (List of Approved Radiologic Test Procedures), and IF (List of Approved Methods for Pharmaceutical Pollutants) of 40 CFR 136.3 (Identification of Test Procedures) (1993) or in appendix III of 40 CFR 261 (Chemical Analysis Test Methods) (1992), each incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(b), or with other methods that have been approved by the Agency.
 - 1) The owner or operator of a Class I injection well must undertake the following actions:
 - A) It must analyze the nature of the injected fluids with sufficient frequency to yield data representative of their characteristics;
 - B) It must install and use continuous recording devices to monitor injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and the pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string of casing; and
 - C) It must install and use monitoring wells within the area of review, if required by the Agency, to monitor any migration of fluids into and pressure in the USDWs. The type, number, and location of the wells; the parameters to be measured; and the frequency of monitoring must be approved by the Agency.
 - 2) This subsection (g)(2) corresponds with 40 CFR 144.28(g)(2), a provision related to Class II injection wells, which are regulated by the Illinois Department of <u>Natural Resources</u>, <u>Office of Mines</u> and Minerals, and not by the Board. This statement maintains structural consistency with USEPA rules.

- 3) The owner or operator of a Class III injection well must undertake the following actions:
 - A) It must provide to the Agency a qualitative analysis and ranges in concentrations of all constituents of injected fluids at least once within the first year of authorization and thereafter whenever the injection fluid is modified to the extent that the initial data are incorrect or incomplete.
 - i) The owner or operator may request confidentiality pursuant to Sections 7 and 7.1 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130.
 - ii) If the information is proprietary the owner or operator may in lieu of the ranges in concentrations choose to submit maximum concentrations that must not be exceeded.
 - iii) In such a case the owner or operator must retain records of the undisclosed concentration and provide them upon request to the Agency as part of any enforcement investigation;
 - B) It must monitor injection pressure and either flow rate or volume semi-monthly, or meter and record daily injected and produced fluid volumes as appropriate;
 - C) It must monitor the fluid level in the injection zone semi-monthly, where appropriate; and
 - D) All Class III injection wells may be monitored on a field or project basis rather than an individual well basis by manifold monitoring. Manifold monitoring may be used in cases of facilities consisting of more than one injection well, operating with a common manifold. Separate monitoring systems for each well are not required provided the owner or operator demonstrates to the Agency that manifold monitoring is comparable to individual well monitoring.
- h) Reporting requirements. The owner or operator must submit reports to the Agency as follows:

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- 1) For a Class I injection well, quarterly reports on all of the following:
 - A) The physical, chemical, and other relevant characteristics of the injection fluids;
 - B) Monthly average, maximum and minimum values for injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and annular pressure;
 - C) The results from groundwater monitoring wells prescribed in subsection (f)(1)(C) of this Section;
 - D) The results of any test of the injection well conducted by the owner or operator during the reported quarter if required by the Agency; and
 - E) Any well work over performed during the reported quarter.
- 2) This subsection (h)(2) corresponds with 40 CFR 144.28(h)(2), a provision related to Class II injection wells, which are regulated by the Illinois Department of <u>Natural Resources</u>, <u>Office of Mines</u> and Minerals, and not by the Board. This statement maintains structural consistency with USEPA rules.
- 3) For a Class III injection well, all of the following:
 - A) Quarterly reporting on all monitoring, as required in subsections (f)(2)(A), (f)(2)(B), and (f)(2)(C) of this Section;
 - B) Quarterly reporting of the results of any periodic tests required by the Agency that are performed during the reported quarter; and
 - C) Monitoring may be reported on a project or field basis rather than an individual well basis where manifold monitoring is used.
- i) Retention of records. The owner or operator must retain records of all monitoring information, including the following:

- Calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this section, for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample, measurement or report. This period may be extended by request of the Agency at any time; and
- 2) The nature and composition of all injected fluids until three years after the completion of any plugging and abandonment procedures specified under Section 704.188. The owner or operator must retain the records after the three year retention period unless it delivers the records to the Agency or obtains written approval from the Agency to discard the records.
- j) Notice of abandonment. The owner or operator must notify the Agency at least 45 days before conversion or abandonment of the well.
- k) Plugging and abandonment report. Within 60 days after plugging a well or at the time of the next quarterly report (whichever is less) the owner or operator must submit a report to the Agency. If the quarterly report is due less than 15 days before completion of plugging, then the report must be submitted within 60 days. The report must be certified as accurate by the person who performed the plugging operation. Such report must consist of either:
 - 1) A statement that the well was plugged in accordance with the plan previously submitted to the Agency; or
 - 2) Where actual plugging differed from the plan previously submitted, an updated version of the plan, on any form supplied by the Agency, specifying the different procedures used.
- l) Change of ownership.
 - 1) The owner or operator must notify the Agency of a transfer of ownership or operational control of the well at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer.
 - 2) The notice must include a written agreement between the transferor and the transferee containing a specific date when the financial responsibility demonstration of subsection (d) of this Section will be met by the transferee.

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- 3) The transferee is authorized to inject unless it receives notification from the Agency that the transferee has not demonstrated financial responsibility pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section.
- m) Requirements for a Class I hazardous waste injection well. The owner or operator of any Class I injection well injecting hazardous waste must comply with Section 704.203. In addition the owner or operator must properly dispose of, or decontaminate by removing all hazardous waste residues, all injection well equipment.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.28 (2005) (2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART D: APPLICATION FOR PERMIT

Section 704.162 Area Permits

- a) The Agency may issue a permit on an area basis, rather than for each <u>injection</u> well individually, provided that the permit is for injection wells for which <u>each of</u> the <u>followig are following is</u> true:
 - They <u>The injection wells</u> are described and identified by location in permit applications, if they are existing <u>injection</u> wells, except that the Agency may accept a single description of multiple <u>injection</u> wells with substantially the same characteristics;
 - 2) They The injection wells are within the same well field, facility site, reservoir, project, or similar unit in the same state;
 - 3) They The injection wells are operated by a single owner or operator; and
 - 4) They The injection wells are used to inject other than hazardous waster: and
 - 5) The injection wells are other than Class VI injection wells.
- b) Area permits must specify both of the following:

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- 1) The area within which underground injections are authorized; and
- 2) The requirements for construction, monitoring, reporting, operation, and abandonment for all wells authorized by the permit.
- c) The area permit may authorize the permittee to construct and operate, convert, or plug and abandon new injection wells within the permit area provided the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - 1) The permittee notifies the Agency at such time as the permit requires;
 - 2) The additional well satisfies the criteria in subsection (a) of this Section and meets the requirements specified in the permit under subsection (b) of this Section; and
 - 3) The cumulative effects of drilling and operation of additional injection wells are considered by the Agency during evaluation of the area permit application and are acceptable to the Agency.
- d) If the Agency determines that any well constructed pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section does not satisfy the requirements of subsections (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this Section, the Agency may modify the permit under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.183 through 702.185, seek revocation under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.186, or take enforcement action. If the Agency determines that cumulative effects are unacceptable, the permit may be modified under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.183 through 702.185.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.33-(2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART E: PERMIT CONDITIONS

Section 704.181 Additional Conditions

The following conditions apply to all UIC permits, in addition to those set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.140 through 702.152, and these conditions must be incorporated into all permits either

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expressly or by reference. If incorporated by reference, a specific citation to these regulations must be given in the permit.

a) In addition to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.141 (duty to comply): the permittee need <u>needs</u> not comply with the provisions of this permit to the extent and for the duration such noncompliance is authorized in a temporary emergency permit under Section 704.163.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (a) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 144.51(a) (2005) (2010).

b) In addition to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.150(b) (monitoring and records): the permittee must retain records concerning the nature and composition of all injected fluids until three years after the completion of any plugging and abandonment procedures specified under Section 704.188 or under Subpart G of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730, as appropriate. The owner or operator must continue to retain the records after the three-year retention period, unless the owner or operator delivers the records to the Agency or obtains written approval from the Agency to discard the records.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (b) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 144.51(j)(2)(ii) (2005) (2010).

- c) In addition to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.152(a) (notice of planned changes), the following limitation applies: except for all new wells authorized by an area permit under Section 704.162(c), a new injection well may not commence injection until construction is complete, and both of the following must occur:
 - 1) The permittee must have submitted notice of completion of construction to the Agency; and
 - 2) Inspection review must have occurred, as follows:
 - A) The Agency has inspected or otherwise reviewed the new injection well and finds it is in compliance with the conditions of the permit; or
 - B) The permittee has not received notice from the Agency of its intent to inspect or otherwise review the new injection well within 13

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days of the date of the notice in subsection (c)(1) of this Section, in which case prior inspection or review is waived, and the permittee may commence injection. The Agency must include in its notice a reasonable time period in which it will inspect the well.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (c) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 144.51(m)-(2005) (2010).

- d) Reporting noncompliance.
 - 1) Twenty-four hour reporting. The permittee must report any noncompliance that may endanger health or the environment, including the following:
 - A) Any monitoring or other information that indicates that any contaminant may cause an endangerment to a USDW; and
 - B) Any noncompliance with a permit condition or malfunction of the injection system that may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs.
 - 2) Any information must be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission must also be provided within five days after the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission must contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates, times, and, if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance of the noncompliance.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (d) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 144.51(l)(6)-(2005) (2010).

e) The permittee must notify the Agency at such times as the permit requires before conversion or abandonment of the well or, in the case of area permits, before closure of the project.

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BOARD NOTE: Subsection (e) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 144.51(n) (2005) (2010).

f) A Class I or Class III <u>injection well</u> permit must include, and a Class V permit may include, conditions that meet the applicable requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.110 to <u>insure ensure</u> that plugging and abandonment of the well will not allow the movement of fluids into or between USDWs. Where the plan meets the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.110, the Agency must incorporate <u>the plan</u> into the permit as a permit condition. Where the Agency's review of an application indicates that the permittee's plan is inadequate, the Agency may require the applicant to revise the plan, prescribe conditions meeting the requirements of this subsection (f), or deny the permit. <u>A Class VI injection well</u> permit must include conditions that meet the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.192. Where the plan meets the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.192, the Agency must incorporate the plan into the permit as a permit <u>condition</u>. For purposes of this subsection (f), temporary or intermittent cessation of injection operations is not abandonment.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (f) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 144.51(o) (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

- g) Plugging and abandonment report. Within 60 days after plugging a well or at the time of the next quarterly report (whichever is less) the owner or operator must submit a report to the Agency. If the quarterly report is due less than 15 days before completion of plugging, then the report must be submitted within 60 days. The report must be certified as accurate by the person who performed the plugging operation. Such report must consist of either of the following:
 - 1) A statement that the well was plugged in accordance with the plan previously submitted to the Agency;
 - 2) Where actual plugging differed from the plan previously submitted, an updated version of the plan on the form supplied by the Agency specifying the differences.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (g) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 144.51(p) (2005) (2010).

h) Duty to establish and maintain mechanical integrity.

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- 1) The owner or operator of a Class I or Class III, or Class VI injection well permitted under this Part and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 must establish mechanical integrity prior to commencing injection or on a schedule determined by the Agency, and thereafter. Thereafter the owner or operator of a Class I, Class II, or Class III injection well must maintain mechanical integrity, as defined in required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.108, and the owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must maintain mechanical integrity as required by Section 730.189. The Agency may require by permit condition that the owner or operator comply with a schedule describing when mechanical integrity demonstrations must be made.
- 2) When the Agency determines that a Class I or Class III injection well lacks mechanical integrity pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.108 or 730.189 (for a Class VI injection well), it-the Agency must give written notice of its determination to the owner or operator. Unless the Agency requires immediate cessation, the owner or operator must cease injection into the well within 48 hours of receipt of the Agency determination. The Agency may allow plugging of the well pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.110 or require the permittee to perform such additional construction, operation, monitoring, reporting, and corrective action as is necessary to prevent the movement of fluid into or between USDWs caused by the lack of mechanical integrity. The owner or operator may resume injection upon written notification from the Agency that the owner or operator has demonstrated mechanical integrity pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.108.
- 3) The Agency may allow the owner or operator of a well that lacks mechanical integrity pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.108(a)(1) to continue or resume injection, if the owner or operator has made a satisfactory showing that there is no movement of fluid into or between USDWs.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (h) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 144.51(q) (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 704.182 Establishing UIC Permit Conditions

In addition to the conditions established under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.160 and Section 704.181, each UIC permit must include conditions meeting the requirements of the following Sections, when applicable. A permit for the owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must include conditions meeting the requirements of Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.52(a) preamble (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 704.184 Corrective Action

UIC permits must require by condition corrective action as set forth in Section 704.193 and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.107 and 730.184.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.52(a)(2)-(2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 704.189 Financial Responsibility

- a) The permittee, including the transferor of a permit, is required to demonstrate and maintain financial responsibility and resources to close, plug, and abandon the underground injection operation in a manner prescribed by the Agency until one of the following occurs:
 - The well has been plugged and abandoned in accordance with an approved plugging and abandonment plan pursuant to Section 704.181(f) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.110<u>and 730.192</u>, and the permittee has submitted a plugging and abandonment report pursuant to Section 704.181(g);
 - 2) The well has been converted in compliance with Section 704.181(e); or
 - 3) The transferor of a permit has received notice from the Agency that the owner or operator receiving transfer of the permit (the new permittee) has demonstrated financial responsibility for the well.

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b) The permittee must show evidence of financial responsibility to the Agency by the submission of a surety bond or other adequate assurance, such as financial statements or other materials acceptable to the Agency. The Agency may on a periodic basis require the holder of a life-time permit to submit an estimate of the resources needed to plug and abandon the well revised to reflect inflation of such costs, and a revised demonstration of financial responsibility if necessary. For a Class VI injection well, the permittee must show evidence of such financial responsibility to the Agency by the submission of an instrument that fulfills the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.185(a), such as a financial statement or other materials necessary for an Agency evaluation of the adequacy of the submitted financial assurance.

c) The owner or operator of a <u>well injecting Class I</u> hazardous waste <u>injection well</u> must comply with the financial responsibility requirements of <u>set forth in</u> Subpart G of this Part. <u>The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must comply</u> with the financial responsibility requirements set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.185.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.52(a)(7)-(2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 704.190 Mechanical Integrity

A permit for any Class I or Class III injection well or injection project that lacks mechanical integrity must include, or for any Class V injection well may include, a condition prohibiting that prohibits injection operations until the permittee shows to the satisfaction of the Agency under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.108 has determined pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.108 that the well has mechanical integrity. A permit for any Class V injection well may include such a condition. A permit for any Class VI injection well must include a provision that prohibits injection operations until the Agency determines pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.189 that the well has mechanical integrity.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.52(a)(8) (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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SUBPART H: ISSUED PERMITS

Section 704.260 Transfer

- a) Transfer by modification. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section, a permit may be transferred by the permittee to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been modified or reissued (under Sections 704.261 through 704.264) to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the appropriate Act. The new owner or operator to whom the permit is transferred must comply with all the terms and conditions specified in such permit.
- b) Automatic transfers. As an alternative to transfers under subsection (a) of this Section, any UIC permit for a well not injecting hazardous or injecting carbon dioxide for geologic sequestration waste may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if each of the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - 1) The current permittee notifies the Agency at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date in subsection (b)(2) of this Section;
 - 2) The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between them and the notice demonstrates that the financial responsibility requirements of Section 704.189 will be met by the new permittee and that the new permittee agrees to comply with all the terms and conditions specified in the permit to be transferred under subsection (b) of this Section; and
 - 3) The Agency does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modify or reissue the permit. A modification under this subsection (b) may also be a minor modification under Section 704.264. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in subsection (b)(2) of this Section.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.38 (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 704.262 Causes for Modification

- a) The following are causes for modification of a permit. For a Class I hazardous waste injection well or a Class III <u>or Class IV</u> injection well, any of the following may be cause for reissuance of the permit, as well as for permit modification. For all other injection wells, the following may be cause for reissuance of the permit, as well as for permit modification, when the permittee requests or agrees:
 - 1) Alterations. There are material and substantial alterations or additions to the permitted facility or activity that occurred after permit issuance that justify the application of permit conditions that are different or absent in the existing permit.
 - 2) Information. Permits other than for a Class III injection well may be modified during their terms for this cause only if the information was not available at the time of permit issuance (other than revised regulations, guidance, or test methods) and would have justified the application of different permit conditions at the time of issuance. For an area permit, this cause must include any information indicating that cumulative effects on the environment are unacceptable.
 - 3) New statutory requirements or regulations. The standards or regulations on which the permit was based have been changed by statute, through promulgation of new or amended standards or regulations, or by judicial decision after the permit was issued. A permit other than for a Class I hazardous waste injection well or a Class III or Class VI injection well may be modified during their terms for this cause only as follows:
 - A) The Agency may modify the permit when standards or regulations on which the permit was based have been changed by statute or amended standards or regulations.
 - B) The permittee may request modification when all of the following occur:
 - i) The permit condition requested to be modified was based on a provision of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730;

- ii) The Board has revised, withdrawn, or modified that provision on which the permit condition was based; and
- iii) The permittee requests modification in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705.128 within 90 days after the effective date of the changed statute or amended standards or regulations on which the request is based.
- C) For judicial decisions, a court of competent jurisdiction has remanded and stayed Board promulgated regulations, if the remand and stay concern that portion of the regulations on which the permit condition was based or if a request is filed by the permittee in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705.128 within 90 days after judicial remand.
- 4) Compliance schedules. The Agency determines good cause exists for modification of a compliance schedule, such as an act of God, strike, flood, materials shortage, or other events over which the permittee has little or no control and for which there is no reasonably available remedy.
- 5) Basis for modification of Class VI permits. Additionally, for Class VI injection wells, whenever the Agency determines that permit changes are necessary based on any of the following:
 - <u>A)</u> <u>A reevaluation of the area of review undertaken pursuant to</u> Section 730.184(e)(1);
 - B) Any amendments to the testing and monitoring plan made pursuant to Section 730.190(j);
 - <u>C)</u> <u>Any amendments to the injection well plugging plan made</u> pursuant to Section 730.192(c);
 - <u>D)</u> Any amendments to the postinjection site care and site closure plan made pursuant to Section 730.193(a)(3);
 - E) Any amendments to the emergency and remedial response plan made pursuant to Section 730.194(d); or

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- <u>F)</u> <u>A review of monitoring or testing results conducted in accordance</u> with permit requirements.
- b) The following are causes to modify or, alternatively, to reissue a permit:
 - The Agency has received notification (as required in the permit, see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.152(c)) of a proposed transfer of the permit. A permit also may be modified to reflect a transfer after the effective date of an automatic transfer (35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.182(b)), but it must not be reissued after the effective date of the transfer, except upon the request of the new permittee.
 - 2) A determination that the waste being injected is a hazardous waste, as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103, either because the definition has been revised, or because a previous determination has been changed.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.39 (2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (December 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 704.264 Minor Modifications

Upon the consent of the permittee, the Agency may modify a permit to make the corrections or allowances for changes in the permitted activity listed in this Section, without following the procedures of 35 III. Adm. Code 705. Any permit modification not processed as a minor modification under this Section must be made for cause and with a 35 III. Adm. Code 705 draft permit and public notice, as required in Sections 704.261 through 704.263. Minor modifications may only involve the following changes:

- a) Correcting typographical errors;
- b) Requiring more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
- c) Changing an interim compliance date in a schedule of compliance, provided the new date is not more than 120 days after the date specified in the existing permit and does not interfere with attainment of the final compliance date requirement; or

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- d) Allowing for a change in ownership or operational control of a facility where the Agency determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittees has been submitted to the Agency; or
- e) Making other limited changes, as follows:
- +e) Changing quantities or types of fluids injected that are within the capacity of the facility as permitted and, in the judgment of which the Agency, has determined would not interfere with the operation of the facility or its ability to meet conditions described in the permit and would not change its classification.
- 2<u>f</u>) Changing construction requirements approved by the Agency pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.182 (establishing UIC permit conditions), provided that any such alteration must comply with this Part and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 and 730.
- 3g) Amending a plugging and abandonment plan that has been updated under Section 704.181(e).
- h) Amending a Class VI injection well testing and monitoring plan, plugging plan, post-injection site care and site closure plan, or emergency and remedial response plan, where the Agency determines that the modifications merely clarify or correct the plan.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.41-(2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART I: REQUIREMENTS FOR CLASS V INJECTION WELLS

Section 704.280 Definition of a Class V Injection Well

Section 704.106 defines the <u>five six</u> classes of injection wells, including a Class V injection well, as regulated under this Subpart I. Typically, Class V injection wells are shallow wells used to place a variety of fluids directly below the land surface. However, if the fluids placed in the ground qualify as a hazardous waste under RCRA, the well is either a Class I or Class IV injection well, not a Class V injection well. <u>Similarly, a carbon sequestration well is a Class VI</u>

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injection well (or a Class II injection well under specified circumstances), not a Class V injection well. Examples of Class V injection wells are described in Section 704.281.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 144.80-(2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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1) <u>Heading of the Part</u>: Procedures for Permit Issuance

- 2) <u>Code citation</u>: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705
- 3) <u>Section numbers</u>: 705.163

Proposed action: Amend GOP

- 4) <u>Statutory authority</u>: 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 13, and 27.
- 5) <u>A Complete description of the subjects and issues involved:</u>

The amendment to Part 705 are a single segment of the docket R11-14 rulemaking that also affects 35 III. Adm. Code 702, 704, and 730, each of which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the Illinois Register. To save space, a more detailed description of the subjects and issues involved in the docket R11-14 rulemaking in this Illinois Register only in the answer to question 5 in the Notice of Adopted Amendments for 35 III. Adm. Code 702. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011, proposing amendments in docket R11-14, which opinion and order is available from the address below.

Specifically, the amendment to Part 705 implement the federal standards for Class VI carbon sequestration injection wells in Illinois.

Tables appear in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011 in docket R11-14 that list numerous corrections and amendments that are not based on current federal amendments. The tables contain deviations from the literal text of the federal amendments underlying these amendments, as well as corrections and clarifications that the Board made in the base text involved. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the October 6, 2011 opinion and order in docket R11-14.

Section 13(c) of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/13(c)] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

6) <u>Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose this</u> rulemaking: None

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- 7) <u>Will these proposed amendment replace emergency amendments currently in effect?</u> No.
- 8) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?</u>: No.
- 9) Do these proposed amendment contain incorporations by reference? No.
- 11) <u>Are there any other amendments pending on this Part?</u> No.
- 10) <u>Statement of statewide policy objectives</u>:

These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2008)].

12) <u>Time, Place and manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed</u> rulemaking:

The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference docket <u>R11-14</u> and be addressed to:

John T. Therriault, Assistant Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago, IL 60601

Please direct inquiries to the following person and reference docket R11-14:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601 Phone: 312-814-6924 E-mail: mccambm@ipcb.state.il.us

Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312-814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at <u>http://www.ipcb.state.il.us</u>.

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13) <u>Initial regulatory flexibility analysis</u>:

A) <u>Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations</u> <u>affected</u>:

This rulemaking may affect those small businesses, small municipalities, and notfor-profit corporations that own or operate an underground injection well. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

B) <u>Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance:</u>

The existing rules and proposed amendments require extensive reporting, bookkeeping and other procedures, including the preparation of manifests and annual reports, waste analyses and maintenance of operating records. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

C) <u>Types of professional skills necessary for compliance</u>:

Compliance with the existing rules and proposed amendments may require the services of an attorney, certified public accountant, chemist, and registered professional engineer. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

14) <u>Regulatory agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized:</u>

December 17, 2010, 34 Ill. Reg. 19623, 19687

The full text of the proposed amendment begins on the next page:

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER b: PERMITS

PART 705 PROCEDURES FOR PERMIT ISSUANCE

SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

- Section
- 705.101 Scope and Applicability
- 705.102 Definitions
- 705.103 Computation of Time
- 705.104 Electronic Reporting

SUBPART B: PERMIT APPLICATIONS

Section

- 705.121 Permit Application
- 705.122 Completeness
- 705.123 Incomplete Applications
- 705.124 Site Visit
- 705.125 Effective Date
- 705.126 Decision Schedule
- 705.127 Consolidation of Permit Processing
- 705.128 Modification or Reissuance of Permits

SUBPART C: APPLICATION REVIEW

- Section
- 705.141Draft Permits
- 705.142 Statement of Basis
- 705.143 Fact Sheet
- Administrative Record for Draft Permits or Notices of Intent to Deny

SUBPART D: PUBLIC NOTICE

Section

- 705.161 When Public Notice Must Be Given
- 705.162 Timing of Public Notice
- 705.163 Methods of Public Notice
- 705.164 Contents of Public Notice

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705.165 Distribution of Other Materials

SUBPART E: PUBLIC COMMENT

- Section
- 705.181 Public Comments and Requests for Public Hearings
- 705.182 Public Hearings
- 705.183 Obligation to Raise Issues and Provide Information
- 705.184 Reopening of Public Comment Period

SUBPART F: PERMIT ISSUANCE

Section

- 705.201 Final Permit Decision
- 705.202Stay of Permit Conditions upon Appeal
- 705.203 Stay for New Application or upon Untimely Application for Renewal (Repealed)
- 705.204 Stay upon Reapplication or for Modification (Repealed)
- 705.205 Stay Following Interim Status (Repealed)
- 705.210 Agency Response to Comments
- 705.211 Administrative Record for Final Permits or Letters of Denial
- 705.212 Appeal of Agency Permit Determinations

SUBPART G: PROCEDURE FOR RCRA STANDARDIZED PERMIT

- Section
- 705.300 General Information About RCRA Standardized Permits
- 705.301 Applying for a RCRA Standardized Permit
- 705.302Issuance of a RCRA Standardized Permit
- 705.303 Public Participation in the RCRA Standardized Permit Process
- 705.304 Modifying a RCRA Standardized Permit
- 705.Appendix A Procedures for Permit Issuance
- 705.Appendix B Modification Process
- 705.Appendix C Application Process
- 705.Appendix D Application Review Process
- 705.Appendix E Public Comment Process
- 705.Appendix F Permit Issuance or Denial

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 7.2, 13, and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 13, 22.4 and 27].

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SOURCE: Adopted in R81-32 at 6 Ill. Reg. 12479, effective May 17, 1982; amended in R82-19, at 7 Ill. Reg. 14352, effective May 17, 1982; amended in R84-9, at 9 Ill. Reg. 11894, effective July 24, 1985; amended in R89-2 at 14 Ill. Reg. 3082, effective February 20, 1990; amended in R94-5 at 18 Ill. Reg. 18265, effective December 20, 1994; amended in R95-6 at 19 Ill. Reg. 9906, effective June 27, 1995; amended in R03-7 at 27 Ill. Reg. 3675, effective February 14, 2003; amended in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 Ill. Reg. 706, effective December 20, 2006; amended in R11-14 at 36 Ill. Reg. ______.

SUBPART D: PUBLIC NOTICE

Section 705.163 Methods of Public Notice

Public notice of activities described in Section 705.161(a) must be given by the following methods:

- a) By mailing a copy of a notice to the following persons (any person otherwise entitled to receive notice under this paragraph may waive his or her rights to receive notice for any classes and categories of permits):
 - 1) The applicant.
 - 2) Any other agency or entity that the Agency knows is required by State or federal law to review or approve issuance of a RCRA or UIC permit for the same facility or activity (including USEPA, other Federal and State agencies with jurisdiction over waterways, wildlife or other natural resources, and other appropriate government authorities, including other affected States and units of local government).
 - 3) Federal and State agencies with jurisdiction over fish, shellfish and wildlife resources and over coastal zone management plans, the Advisory Council on Historical Preservation, State Historic Preservation Officers, and other appropriate government authorities, including any affected States.
 - 4) Persons on a mailing list developed by doing as follows:
 - A) Including those who request in writing to be on the list;
 - B) Including participants in past permit proceedings in that area; and

- C) Notifying the public of the opportunity to be put on the mailing list through periodic publication in the public press and in governmental publications.
- D) The Agency may update the mailing list from time to time by requesting written indication of continued interest from those listed. The Agency may delete from the list the name of any person who fails to respond to such a request.
- 5) For RCRA permits only to the following entities:
 - A) To any unit of local government having jurisdiction over the area where the facility is proposed to be located; and
 - B) To each State agency having any authority under State law with respect to the construction or operation of such facility.
- 6) For Class I injection well UIC permits only, to the Illinois Department of <u>Natural Resources</u>, <u>Office of Mines and Minerals</u>.
- 7) For a Class VI injection well, mailing or e-mailing a notice to the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Mines and Minerals, Division of Gas and Oil and the Agency, Divisions of Public Water Supply and Land Pollution Control.
- 78) Any other person or entity that the Agency has reason to believe would be particularly interested in or affected by the proposed action.
- b) Publication of notice must be made as follows:
 - 1) For major UIC permits, publication of a notice in a daily or weekly newspaper of general circulation within the area affected by the facility or activity.
 - 2) For RCRA permits, publication of a notice in a daily or weekly major local newspaper of general circulation and broadcast over local radio stations.
- c) Any other method reasonably calculated to give actual notice of the action in question to the persons potentially affected by it.

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BOARD NOTE: See 40 CFR 124.10(c) (2002) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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1) <u>Heading of the Part</u>: Underground Injection Control Operating Requirements

2) <u>Code citation</u>: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730

3)	Section numbers:	Proposed action:
	730.101	Amend
	730.103	Amend
	730.104	Amend
	730.105	Amend
	730.121	Amend
	730.172	Amend
	730.181	New Section
	730.182	New Section
	730.183	New Section
	730.184	New Section
	730.185	New Section
	730.186	New Section
	730.187	New Section
	730.188	New Section
	730.189	New Section
	730.190	New Section
	730.191	New Section
	730.192	New Section
	730.193	New Section
	730.194	New Section
	730.195	New Section

4) <u>Statutory authority</u>: 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 13, and 27.

5) <u>A Complete description of the subjects and issues involved:</u>

The amendments to Part 730 are a single segment of the docket R11-14 rulemaking that also affects 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 704, and 705, each of which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the Illinois Register. To save space, a more detailed description of the subjects and issues involved in the docket R11-14 rulemaking in this Illinois Register only in the answer to question 5 in the Notice of Adopted Amendments for 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011, proposing amendments in docket R11-14, which opinion and order is available from the address below.

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Specifically, the amendments to Part 730 implement the federal standards for Class VI carbon sequestration injection wells in Illinois.

Tables appear in the Board's opinion and order of October 6, 2011 in docket R11-14 that list numerous corrections and amendments that are not based on current federal amendments. The tables contain deviations from the literal text of the federal amendments underlying these amendments, as well as corrections and clarifications that the Board made in the base text involved. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the October 6, 2011 opinion and order in docket R11-14.

Section 13(c) of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/13(c)] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

- 6) <u>Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose this</u> <u>rulemaking:</u> None
- 7) Will these proposed amendments replace emergency amendments currently in effect? No.
- 8) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?: No.
- 9) Do these proposed amendments contain incorporations by reference? No.
- 11) Are there any other amendments pending on this Part? No.
- 10) <u>Statement of statewide policy objectives</u>:

These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2008)].

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12) <u>Time, Place and manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed</u> rulemaking:

The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference docket <u>R11-14</u> and be addressed to:

John T. Therriault, Assistant Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago, IL 60601

Please direct inquiries to the following person and reference docket <u>R11-14</u>:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601 Phone: 312-814-6924 E-mail: mccambm@ipcb.state.il.us

Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312-814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at <u>http://www.ipcb.state.il.us</u>.

- 13) <u>Initial regulatory flexibility analysis</u>:
 - A) Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations affected:

This rulemaking may affect those small businesses, small municipalities, and notfor-profit corporations that own or operate an underground injection well. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

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B) <u>Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance:</u>

The existing rules and proposed amendments require extensive reporting, bookkeeping and other procedures, including the preparation of manifests and annual reports, waste analyses and maintenance of operating records. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

C) <u>Types of professional skills necessary for compliance</u>:

Compliance with the existing rules and proposed amendments may require the services of an attorney, certified public accountant, chemist, and registered professional engineer. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a state mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2010)].

14) <u>Regulatory agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized:</u>

December 17, 2010, 34 Ill. Reg. 19623, 19687

The full text of the proposed amendments begins on the next page:

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NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER d: UNDERGROUND INJECTION CONTROL AND UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK PROGRAMS

PART 730 UNDERGROUND INJECTION CONTROL OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

SUBPART A: GENERAL

Section

- 730.101 Applicability, Scope, and Effective Date
- 730.102 Laws Authorizing Regulations
- 730.103 Definitions
- 730.104 Criteria for Exempted Aquifers
- 730.105 Classification of Injection Wells
- 730.106 Area of Review
- 730.107 Corrective Action
- 730.108 Mechanical Integrity
- 730.109 Criteria for Establishing Permitting Priorities
- 730.110 Plugging and Abandoning Wells

SUBPART B: CRITERIA AND STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO CLASS I NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE INJECTION WELLS

- Section
- 730.111 Applicability
- 730.112 Construction Requirements
- 730.113 Operating, Monitoring, and Reporting Requirements
- 730.114 Information to be Considered by the Agency

SUBPART C: CRITERIA AND STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO CLASS II INJECTION WELLS

Section

730.121 Adoption of Criteria and Standards Applicable to Class II Injection Wells by the Illinois Department of <u>Natural Resources</u>, <u>Office of Mines</u> and Minerals

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SUBPART D: CRITERIA AND STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO CLASS III INJECTION WELLS

Section

- 730.131 Applicability
- 730.132 Construction Requirements
- 730.133 Operating, Monitoring, and Reporting Requirements
- 730.134 Information to be Considered by the Agency

SUBPART F: CRITERIA AND STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO CLASS V INJECTION WELLS

Section

- 730.151 Applicability
- 730.152 Inventory and Assessment (Repealed)

SUBPART G: CRITERIA AND STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO CLASS I HAZARDOUS WASTE INJECTION WELLS

Section

- 730.161 Applicability and Definitions
- 730.162 Minimum Criteria for Siting
- 730.163 Area of Review
- 730.164 Corrective Action for Wells in the Area of Review
- 730.165 Construction Requirements
- 730.166 Logging, Sampling, and Testing Prior to New Well Operation
- 730.167 Operating Requirements
- 730.168 Testing and Monitoring Requirements
- 730.169 Reporting Requirements
- 730.170 Information to be Evaluated
- 730.171 Closure
- 730.172 Post-Closure Care
- 730.173 Financial Responsibility for Post-Closure Care

SUBPART H: CRITERIA AND STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO CLASS VI WELLS

Section

- 730.181 Applicability
- 730.182 Required Class VI Injection Well Permit Information
- <u>730.183</u> <u>Minimum Criteria for Siting</u>
- 730.184 Area of Review and Corrective Action
- 730.185 Financial Responsibility

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- 730.186 Injection Well Construction Requirements
- 730.187 Logging, Sampling, and Testing Prior to Injection Well Operation
- 730.188 Injection Well Operating Requirements
- 730.189 Mechanical Integrity
- 730.190 Testing and Monitoring Requirements
- 730.191 Reporting Requirements
- 730.192Injection Well Plugging
- 730.193 Post-Injection Site Care and Site Closure
- 730.194 Emergency and Remedial Response
- 730.195 Class VI Injection Well Depth Waiver Requirements

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 7.2, 13, and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 13, 22.4, and 27].

SOURCE: Adopted in R81-32 at 6 Ill. Reg. 12479, effective March 3, 1984; amended in R82-19 at 7 Ill. Reg. 14426, effective March 3, 1984; recodified at 10 Ill. Reg. 14174; amended in R89-2 at 14 Ill. Reg. 3130, effective February 20, 1990; amended in R89-11 at 14 Ill. Reg. 11959, effective July 9, 1990; amended in R93-6 at 17 Ill. Reg. 15646, effective September 14, 1993; amended in R94-5 at 18 Ill. Reg. 18391, effective December 20, 1994; amended in R95-4 at 19 Ill. Reg. 10047, effective June 27, 1995; amended in R00-11/R01-1 at 24 Ill. Reg. 18680, effective December 7, 2000; amended in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 Ill. Reg. 1281, effective December 20, 2006; amended in R11-14 at 36 Ill. Reg. ______, effective ______.

SUBPART A: GENERAL

Section 730.101 Applicability, Scope, and Effective Date

- a) This Part sets forth technical criteria and standards for the Underground Injection Control (UIC) Program. This Part must be read in conjunction with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 704, and 705, which also apply to the UIC program. 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 and 704 prescribe the regulatory requirements for the UIC permit program. 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704 further outlines hazardous waste management requirements and sets forth the financial assurance requirements applicable to Class I hazardous waste injection wells and requirements applicable to certain types of Class V injection wells. 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705 describes the procedures theAgency the Agency must use for issuing UIC permits.
- b) On and after February 1, 1984, any underground injection that is not authorized by rule or by permit is unlawful.

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c) Electronic reporting. The filing of any document pursuant to any provision of this Part as an electronic document is subject to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.104.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (c) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 3 and 145.11(a)(33), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 59848 (Oct. 13, 2005) (2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.103 Definitions

The following definitions apply to the underground injection control program.

"Abandoned well" means a well whose use has been permanently discontinued or that is in a state of disrepair such that it cannot be used for its intended purpose or for observation purposes.

"Act" means the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-580, as amended by P.L. 95-609, 42 USC 6901).

"Administrator" means the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or the Administrator's designee.

"Agency" means the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

"Application" means the Agency forms for applying for a permit, including any additions, revisions, or modifications to the forms. For RCRA, application also includes the information required by the Agency pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.182-703.188 and 703.200 (contents of Part B of the RCRA application).

"Aquifer" means a geologic formation, group of formations or part of a formation that is capable of yielding a significant amount of water to a well or spring.

"Area of review" means the area surrounding an "injection well" described according to the criteria set forth in Section 730.106 or, in the case of an area permit, the project area plus a circumscribing area the width of which is either 402 meters (one-quarter mile) or a number calculated according to the criteria set forth in Section 730.106.

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"Casing" means a pipe or tubing of appropriate material, of varying diameter and weight, lowered into a borehole during or after drilling in order to support the sides of the hole and thus prevent the walls from caving, to prevent loss of drilling mud into porous ground or to prevent water, gas, or other fluid from entering or leaving the hole.

"Catastrophic collapse" means the sudden and utter failure of overlying "strata" caused by removal of underlying materials.

"Cementing" means the operation whereby a cement slurry is pumped into a drilled hole or forced behind the casing.

"Cesspool" means a "drywell" that receives untreated sanitary waste containing human excreta and which sometimes has an open bottom or perforated sides.

"Confining bed" means a body of impermeable or distinctly less permeable material stratigraphically adjacent to one or more aquifers.

"Confining zone" means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation that is capable of limiting fluid movement above an injection zone.

"Contaminant" means any physical, chemical, biological, or radiological substance or matter in water.

"Conventional mine" means an open pit or underground excavation for the production of minerals.

"Date of approval by USEPA of the Illinois UIC program" means February 1, 1984.

"Director" means the Director of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency or the Administrator's designee.

"Disposal well" means a well used for the disposal of waste into a subsurface stratum.

"Drywell" means a well, other than an improved sinkhole or subsurface fluid distribution system, that is completed above the water table so that its bottom and sides are typically dry except when receiving fluids.

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"Effective date of the UIC program" means February 1, 1984.

"Environmental Protection Act" means the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5].

"EPA" or "USEPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

"Exempted aquifer" means an "aquifer" or its portion that meets the criteria in the definition of "underground source of drinking water" but which has been exempted according to the procedures of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.123, 704.104, and 702.105.

"Existing injection well" means an "injection well" other than a "new injection well."

"Experimental technology" means a technology that has not been proven feasible under the conditions in which it is being tested.

"Facility or activity" means any HWM facility, UIC injection well, or any other facility or activity (including land or appurtenances thereto) that is subject to regulation under the "State" RCRA or UIC program.

"Fault" means a surface or zone of rock fracture along which there has been displacement.

"Flow rate" means the volume per unit time of the flow of a gas or other fluid substance that emerges from an orifice, pump or turbine or which passes along a conduit or channel.

"Fluid" means material or substance that flows or moves, whether in a semisolid, liquid sludge, gas, or any other form or state.

"Formation" means a body of rock characterized by a degree of lithologic homogeneity that is prevailingly, but not necessarily, tabular and is mappable on the earth's surface or traceable in the subsurface.

"Formation fluid" means fluid present in a formation under natural conditions as opposed to introduced fluids, such as drilling mud.

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"Generator" means any person, by site location, whose act or process produces hazardous waste identified or listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.

"Groundwater" means water below the land surface in a zone of saturation.

"Hazardous waste" means a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103.

"Hazardous waste management facility" or "HWM facility" means all contiguous land, and structures, other appurtenances and improvements on the land used for treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste. A facility may consist of several treatment, storage, or disposal operational units (for example, one or more landfills, surface impoundments, or combination of them).

"HWM facility" means Hazardous waste management facility.

"Illinois" means the State of Illinois.

"Improved sinkhole" means a naturally occurring karst depression or other natural crevice that is found in volcanic terrain and other geologic settings that have been modified by man for the purpose of directing and emplacing fluids into the subsurface.

"Injection well" means a well into which fluids are being injected.

"Injection zone" means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation receiving fluids through a well.

"Lithology" means the description of rocks on the basis of their physical and chemical characteristics.

"Owner or operator" means the owner or operator of any facility or activity subject to regulation under RCRA, UIC, or the Environmental Protection Act.

"Packer" means a device lowered into a well that can be expanded to produce a fluid-tight seal.

"Permit" means an authorization, license, or equivalent control document issued by the Agency to implement the requirements of this Part and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702

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through 705. Permit does not include RCRA interim status (Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703), UIC authorization by rule (Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704), or any permit that has not yet been the subject of final Agency action, such as a draft permit or a proposed permit.

"Plugging" means the act or process of stopping the flow of water, oil, or gas into or out of a formation through a borehole or well penetrating that formation.

"Plugging record" means a systematic listing of permanent or temporary abandonment of water, oil, gas, test, exploration, and waste injection wells, and may contain a well log, description of amounts and types of plugging material used, the method employed for plugging, a description of formations that are sealed and a graphic log of the well showing formation location, formation thickness, and location of plugging structures.

"Point of injection," for a Class V injection well, means the last accessible sampling point prior to waste fluids being released into the subsurface environment through the well. For example, the point of injection of a Class V septic system might be the distribution box-_____the last accessible sampling point before the waste fluids drain into the underlying soils. For a dry well, it is likely to be the well bore itself.

"Pressure" means the total load or force per unit area acting on a surface.

"Project" means a group of wells in a single operation.

"Radioactive Waste" means any waste that contains radioactive material in concentrations that exceed those listed in Table II, column 2 in appendix B to 10 CFR 20 (Water Effluent Concentrations), incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111.

"RCRA" means the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 USC 6901 et seq.).

"Sanitary waste" means liquid or solid wastes originating solely from humans and human activities, such as wastes collected from toilets, showers, wash basins, sinks used for cleaning domestic areas, sinks used for food preparation, clothes washing operations, and sinks or washing machines where food and beverage serving dishes, glasses, and utensils are cleaned. Sources of these wastes may

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include single or multiple residences, hotels and motels, restaurants, bunkhouses, schools, ranger stations, crew quarters, guard stations, campgrounds, picnic grounds, day-use recreation areas, other commercial facilities, and industrial facilities, provided the waste is not mixed with industrial waste.

"SDWA" means the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 USC 300(f) et seq.).

"Septic system" means a well that is used to emplace sanitary waste below the surface and which is typically comprised of a septic tank and subsurface fluid distribution system or disposal system.

"Site" means the land or water area where any facility or activity is physically located or conducted, including adjacent land used in connection with the facility or activity.

"Sole or principal source aquifer" means an aquifer that has been designated by the Administrator pursuant to Section 1424(a) or (e) of SDWA (42 USC 300h-3(a) or (e)).

"State" means the State of Illinois.

"Stratum" (plural strata) means a single sedimentary bed or layer, regardless of thickness, that consists of generally the same kind of rock material.

"Subsidence" means the lowering of the natural land surface in response to: earth movements; lowering of fluid pressure, removal of underlying supporting material by mining or solution of solids, either artificially or from natural causes; compaction due to wetting (hydrocompaction); oxidation of organic matter in soils; or added load on the land surface.

"Subsurface fluid distribution system" means an assemblage of perforated pipes, drain tiles, or other similar mechanisms intended to distribute fluids below the surface of the ground.

"Surface casing" means the first string of well casing to be installed in the well.

"Total dissolved solids" or "TDS" means the total dissolved (filterable) solids, as determined by use of the method specified in 40 CFR 136.3 (Identification of Test

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Procedures; the method for filterable residue), incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111.

"UIC" means the Underground Injection Control program under Part C of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 USC 300h through 300h-8), including the approved Illinois program.

"Underground injection" means a "well injection."

"Underground source of drinking water" or "USDW" means an aquifer or its portion of which the following is true:

It supplies any public water system; or

It contains a sufficient quantity of groundwater to supply a public water system; and

It currently supplies drinking water for human consumption; or

It contains less than 10,000 mg/ ℓ total dissolved solids; and

It is not an exempted "aquifer."

"USDW" means underground source of drinking water.

"Well" means a bored, drilled, or driven shaft whose depth is greater than the largest surface dimension; a dug hole whose depth is greater than the largest surface dimension; an improved sinkhole; or a subsurface fluid distribution system.

"Well injection" means the subsurface emplacement of fluids through a well.

"Well monitoring" means the measurement, by on-site instruments or laboratory methods, of the quality of water in a well.

"Well plug" means a watertight and gastight seal installed in a borehole or well to prevent movement of fluids.

"Well stimulation" means several processes used to clean the well bore, enlarge channels, and increase pore space in the interval to be injected, thus making it

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possible for wastewater to move more readily into the formation, and includes surging, jetting, blasting, acidizing, and hydraulic fracturing.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 146.3-(2005) (2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.104 Criteria for Exempted Aquifers

An aquifer or a portion thereof of an aquifer that meets the criteria for an "underground source of drinking water" in Section 730.103 may be determined by the Board pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.103, 704.123, and 702.105 to be is an "exempted aquifer" for a Class I, Class III, or Class V injection well if it the Board determines pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.123 that the aquifer meets the criteria of either subsections (a) and (b) or (a) and (c) of this Section. For a Class VI injection well, the Board must determine that the well meets the criteria of subsection (d) of this Section.

- a) It <u>The aquifer</u> does not currently serve as a source of drinking water; and
- b) It <u>The aquifer</u> cannot now and will not in the future serve as a source of drinking water because one or more of the following is true of the aquifer:
 - It-<u>The aquifer</u> is mineral, hydrocarbon, or geothermal energy producing, or a permit applicant can demonstrate, as part of a permit application for a Class II or III injection well, that the aquifer contains minerals or hydrocarbons that are expected to be commercially producible considering their quantity and location;
 - 2) It-<u>The aquifer</u> is situated at a depth or location that makes recovery of water for drinking water purposes economically or technologically impractical;
 - 3) It-<u>The aquifer</u> is so contaminated that it would be economically or technologically impractical to render that water fit for human consumption; or
 - 4) It-<u>The aquifer</u> is located over a Class III injection well mining area subject to subsidence or catastrophic collapse; or

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- c) The total dissolved solids content of the groundwater in the aquifer is more than 3,000 and less than $10,000 \text{ mg/}\ell$, and the aquifer is not reasonably expected to supply a public water system.
- d) The areal extent of an aquifer exemption for a Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery well is expanded for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.123(d) if the Agency determines that the aquifer meets the following criteria:
 - 1) The aquifer does not currently serve as a source of drinking water;
 - 2) The total dissolved solids content of the ground water in the aquifer is greater than $3,000 \text{ mg/}\ell$ and less than $10,000 \text{ mg/}\ell$; and
 - 3) The aquifer is not reasonably expected to supply a public water system.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 146.4 (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.105 Classification of Injection Wells

Injection wells are classified as follows:

- a) Class I injection wells. A Class I injection well is any of the following:
 - 1) A Class I hazardous waste injection well that is used by a generator of hazardous waste or an owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility to inject hazardous waste beneath the lowermost formation containing an underground source of drinking water within 402 meters (onequarter mile) of the well bore.
 - 2) An industrial or municipal disposal well that injects fluids beneath the lowermost formation containing an underground source of drinking water within 402 meters (one-quarter mile) of the well bore.

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- 3) A radioactive waste disposal well that injects fluids below the lowermost formation containing an underground source of drinking water within 402 meters (one-quarter mile) of the well bore.
- b) Class II injection wells. A Class II injection well is one that injects any of the following types of fluids:
 - 1) Fluids that are brought to the surface in connection with conventional oil or natural gas production and which may be commingled with wastewaters from gas plants that are an integral part of production operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection;
 - 2) Fluids that are used for enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas; and
 - 3) Fluids that are used for storage of hydrocarbons that are liquid at standard temperature and pressure.
- c) Class III injection wells. A Class III injection well is one that that injects fluid for extraction of minerals, including one used in any of the following activities:
 - 1) Mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;
 - In situ production of uranium or other metals. This category includes only in situ production from ore bodies that have not been conventionally mined. Solution mining of conventional mines, such as stopes leaching, is included in Class V; or
 - 3) Solution mining of salts or potash.

BOARD NOTE: Class III injection well would include a well used for the recovery of geothermal energy to produce electric power but does not include a well used in heating or aquaculture that falls under Class V.

- d) Class IV injection wells. A Class IV injection well is any of the following:
 - 1) A well used by a generator of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by an owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility, or by an owner or operator of a radioactive waste disposal site to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste into a formation that contains an

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

underground source of drinking water within 402 meters (one-quarter mile) of the well.

- 2) A well used by a generator of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by an owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility, or by an owner or operator of a radioactive waste disposal site to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste above a formation that contains an underground source of drinking water within 402 meters (one-quarter mile) of the well.
- 3) A well used by a generator of hazardous waste or an owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility to dispose of hazardous waste that cannot be classified pursuant to subsection (a)(1), (d)(1), or (d)(2) of this Section (e.g., wells used to dispose of hazardous wastes into or above a formation that contains an aquifer that has been exempted pursuant to Section 730.104).
- class V injection wells. A Class V injection well is any not included in Class I, Class II, Class III, or Class IV, or Class VI. Specific types of Class V injection wells include the following:
 - 1) Air conditioning return flow wells used to return the water used in a heat pump for heating or cooling to the supply aquifer;
 - 2) Cesspools, including multiple dwelling, community, or regional cesspools, or other devices that receive wastes that have an open bottom and sometimes have perforated sides. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential cesspools or to non-residential cesspools that receive solely sanitary wastes and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day;
 - 3) Cooling water return flow wells used to inject water previously used for cooling;
 - 4) Drainage wells used to drain surface fluid, primarily storm runoff, into a subsurface formation;
 - 5) Dry wells used for the injection of wastes into a subsurface formation;
 - 6) Recharge wells used to replenish the water in an aquifer;

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- 7) Salt water intrusion barrier wells used to inject water into a fresh water aquifer to prevent the intrusion of salt water into the fresh water;
- 8) Sand backfill and other backfill wells used to inject a mixture of water and sand, mill tailings, or other solids into mined out portions of subsurface mines whether what is injected is a radioactive waste or not;
- 9) Septic system wells used to inject the waste or effluent from a multiple dwelling, business establishment, community, or regional business establishment septic tank. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential septic system wells, or to nonresidential septic system wells that are used solely for the disposal of sanitary waste and which have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day;
- 10) Subsidence control wells (not used for the purpose of oil or natural gas production) used to inject fluids into a non-oil or gas producing zone to reduce or eliminate subsidence associated with the overdraft of fresh water;
- 11) Radioactive waste disposal wells other than Class IV injection wells;
- 12) Injection wells associated with the recovery of geothermal energy for heating, aquaculture, or production of electric power;
- 13) Wells used for solution mining of conventional mines such as stopes leaching;
- 14) Wells used to inject spent brine into the same formation from which it was withdrawn after extraction of halogens or their salts; and
- 15) Injection wells used in experimental technologies.
- f) <u>Class VI injection wells</u>. A Class VI injection well is any of the following:
 - 1) An injection well that is not experimental in nature and which is used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide beneath the lowermost formation containing a USDW;

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- 2) An injection well that is used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide and which has been granted a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements pursuant to Section 730.195; or
- 3) An injection well that is used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide and which has received an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption pursuant to Section 730.104 and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.123(d).

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 146.5 (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART C: CRITERIA AND STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO CLASS II INJECTION WELLS

Section 730.121 Adoption of Criteria and Standards Applicable to Class II Injection Wells by the Illinois Department of <u>Natural Resources</u>, <u>Office of</u> Mines and Minerals

The criteria and standards for Class II injection wells will be adopted by the Illinois Department of <u>Natural Resources</u>, Office of Mines and Minerals pursuant to Section 1425 of the SDWA (42 USC 300h-4).

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with subpart C of 40 CFR 146 (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART G: CRITERIA AND STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO CLASS I HAZARDOUS WASTE INJECTION WELLS

Section 730.172 Post-Closure Care

a) The owner or operator of a Class I hazardous waste injection well must prepare, maintain, and comply with a plan for post-closure care that meets the requirements of subsection (b) of this Section and is specified by permit condition. The obligation to implement the post-closure plan survives the termination of a permit or the cessation of injection activities. The requirement to maintain an approved plan

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is directly enforceable regardless of whether the requirement is a condition of the permit.

- 1) The owner or operator must submit the plan as a part of the permit application and, upon approval by the Agency, such plan must be a condition of any permit issued.
- 2) The owner or operator must submit any proposed significant revision to the plan as appropriate over the life of the well, but no later than the date of the closure report required pursuant to Section 730.171(c).
- 3) The plan must assure financial responsibility, as required in Section 730.173.
- 4) The plan must include the following information:
 - A) The pressure in the injection zone before injection began;
 - B) The anticipated pressure in the injection zone at the time of closure;
 - C) The predicted time until pressure in the injection zone decays to the point that the well's cone of influence no longer intersects the base of the lowermost USDW;
 - D) The predicted position of the waste front at closure;
 - E) The status of any cleanups required pursuant to Section 730.164; and
 - F) The estimated cost of proposed post-closure care.
- 5) At the request of the owner or operator, or on its own initiative, the Agency may modify the post-closure plan after submission of the closure report following the procedures in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705.128.
- b) The owner or operator must undertake each of the following activities:
 - 1) It must continue and complete any cleanup action required pursuant to Section 730.164, if applicable;

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- It must continue to conduct any groundwater monitoring required under the permit until pressure in the injection zone decays to the point that the well's cone of influence no longer intersects the base of the lowermost USDW. The Agency must extend the period of post-closure monitoring if it determines in writing that the well may endanger a USDW;
- 3) It must submit a survey plat to the local zoning authority designated by permit condition. The plat must indicate the location of the well relative to permanently surveyed benchmarks. A copy of the plat must be submitted to USEPA, Region 5;
- 4) It must notify the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Mines and Minerals, the State Department of Public Health, and any unit of local government authorized to grant permits under the Water Well Construction Code [415 ILCS 30] in the area where the well is located as to the depth and location of the well and the confining zone; and
- 5) It must retain, for a period of three years following well closure, records reflecting the nature, composition, and volume of all injected fluids. Owners or operators must deliver the records to the Agency at the conclusion of the retention period.
- c) Each owner of a Class I hazardous waste injection well, and the owner of the surface or subsurface property on or in which a Class I hazardous waste injection well is located, must record a notation on the deed to the facility property or on some other instrument that is normally examined during title search that will in perpetuity provide any potential purchaser of the property the following information:
 - 1) The fact that land has been used to manage hazardous waste;
 - 2) The names of the Illinois <u>Department of Natural Resources</u>, <u>Office of Mines</u> and Minerals and the local zoning authority with which the plat was filed, as well as the address of USEPA Region 5; and
 - 3) The type and volume of waste injected, the injection interval or intervals into which it was injected, and the period over which injection occurred.

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In addition to the requirements stated in this Section, each owner of a Class I hazardous waste injection well must comply with any other State or federal law or local ordinance that requires the reporting of any potential environmental or physical impairment of real property to subsequent or prospective owners.

BOARD NOTE: The Responsible Property Transfer Act of 1988 [765 ILCS 90] (RPTA) formerly required the disclosure and recordation of any environmental impairment of real property in Illinois. The General Assembly repealed that statute in P.A. 92-299, Section 5, effective August 9, 2001. Section 10 of that repeal provided for continued maintenance of documents prepared and recorded under RPTA prior to its repeal.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 146.72-(2005) (2010), as amended at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Amended at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART H: CRITERIA AND STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO CLASS VI WELLS

Section 730.181 Applicability

- a) This Subpart H establishes criteria and standards for Class VI carbon dioxide geologic sequestration injection wells.
- b) This Subpart H applies to any injection well that is used to inject carbon dioxide specifically for the purpose of geologic sequestration.
- c) This Subpart H also applies to the owner or operator of a permit- or ruleauthorized Class I, Class II, or Class V experimental carbon dioxide injection well that seeks to apply for a Class VI geologic sequestration permit for its well. An owner or operator that seeks to convert an existing Class I, Class II, or Class V experimental injection well to a Class VI geologic sequestration wells must demonstrate to the Agency that the well was engineered and constructed to meet the requirements of Section 146.86(a) and to ensure protection of USDWs, in lieu of requirements at Sections 146.86(b) and 146.87(a). By December 10, 2011, the owner or operator of either a Class I injection well that was previously permitted for the purpose of geologic sequestration or a Class V experimental technology injection well that is no longer being used for experimental purposes and which

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will continue injection of carbon dioxide for the purpose of geologic sequestration must apply for a Class VI permit. A converted well must still meet all other requirements of this Part.

<u>d)</u> Definitions. The following definitions apply to this Subpart H. To the extent that these definitions conflict with those that appear in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.110 or Section 730.103, the definitions of this Section govern for Class VI wells:

"Area of review" means the region surrounding the geologic sequestration project where a USDW may be endangered by the injection activity. The area of review is delineated using computational modeling that accounts for the physical and chemical properties of all phases of the injected carbon dioxide stream and displaced fluids, and is based on available site characterization, monitoring, and operational data, as set forth in Section 730.184.

"Carbon dioxide plume" means the sub-surface three-dimensional extent underground of an injected carbon dioxide stream.

"Carbon dioxide stream" means carbon dioxide that has been captured from an emission source (e.g., a power plant), plus incidental associated substances derived from the source materials and the capture process, and any substances added to the stream to enable or improve the injection process. This Subpart H does not apply to any carbon dioxide stream that meets the definition of a hazardous waste in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103.

"Confining zone" means a geologic formation, a group of formations, or a part of a formation that stratigraphically overlies an injection zone and which acts as barrier to fluid movement. For a Class VI injection well that is operating under a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements, "confining zone" means a geologic formation, a group of formations, or a part of a formation that stratigraphically overlies and underlies the injection zone.

"Corrective action" means the use of Agency-approved methods to ensure that wells within an area of review do not serve as conduits for the movement of fluids into a USDW.

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"Geologic sequestration" means the long-term containment of a gaseous, liquid, or supercritical carbon dioxide stream in subsurface geologic formations. This term does not apply to carbon dioxide capture or transport.

"Geologic sequestration project" means any of the following three types of injection wells:

An injection well or wells that are used to emplace a carbon dioxide stream beneath the lowermost formation containing a USDW;

An injection well or wells that are used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide and which have been granted a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements pursuant to requirements at Section 730.195; or

An injection well or wells that are used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide and which have received an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption pursuant to Section 730.104 and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.123(d).

A geologic sequestration project includes the subsurface three-dimensional extent of the carbon dioxide plume, the associated area of elevated pressure, and displaced fluids, as well as the surface area above that delineated region.

"Injection zone" means a geologic formation, a group of formations, or a part of a formation that is of sufficient areal extent, thickness, porosity, and permeability to receive carbon dioxide through a well or wells associated with a geologic sequestration project.

"Post-injection site care" means appropriate monitoring and other actions (including corrective action) needed following cessation of injection to ensure that no USDW is endangered, as required under Section 730.193.

"Pressure front" means the zone of elevated pressure that is created by the injection of carbon dioxide into the subsurface. For the purposes of this

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Subpart H, the pressure front of a carbon dioxide plume refers to a zone where there is a pressure differential sufficient to cause the movement of injected fluids or formation fluids into a USDW.

"Site closure" means the point or time, as determined by the Agency pursuant to Section 730.193, at which the owner or operator of a geologic sequestration site is released from post-injection site care responsibilities.

"Transmissive fault or fracture" means a fault or fracture that has sufficient permeability and vertical extent to allow fluids to move between formations.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.81, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.182 Required Class VI Injection Well Permit Information

This Section sets forth the information that the Agency must consider when authorizing a Class VI injection well. For a converted Class I, Class II, or Class V experimental injection well, certain maps, cross-sections, tabulations of wells within the area of review and other data may be included in the application by reference provided they are current, readily available to the Agency, and sufficiently identified as to be retrieved. In cases where USEPA issues the permit, all the information in this Section must be submitted to the USEPA, Region 5.

- a) Prior to the issuance of a permit for the construction of a new Class VI injection well or the conversion of an existing Class I, Class II, or Class V injection well to a Class VI injection well, the owner or operator must submit, pursuant to Section 730.191(e), and the Agency must consider the following:
 - 1) The information required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.123(a) through (f);
 - 2) A map showing the injection well for which a permit is sought and the applicable area of review consistent with Section 730.184. Within the area of review, the map must show the number or name and location of all injection wells, producing wells, abandoned wells, plugged wells, or dry holes; deep stratigraphic boreholes; Agency- or USEPA-approved subsurface cleanup sites; surface bodies of water, springs, mines (surface

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and subsurface), quarries, water wells; and other pertinent surface features, including structures intended for human occupancy, state boundaries, and roads. The map should also show faults, if known or suspected. Only information of public record is required to be included on this map;

- 3) Information on the geologic structure and hydrogeologic properties of the proposed storage site and overlying formations, including the following documents and information:
 - A) Maps and cross sections of the area of review;
 - B) The location, orientation, and properties of known or suspected faults and fractures that may transect the confining zones in the area of review and a determination that the faults and fractures would not interfere with containment;
 - C) Data on the depth, areal extent, thickness, mineralogy, porosity, permeability, and capillary pressure of the injection and confining zones; including geology and facies changes based on field data, which may include geologic cores, outcrop data, seismic surveys, well logs, and names and lithologic descriptions;
 - D) Geomechanical information on fractures, stress, ductility, rock strength, and in situ fluid pressures within the confining zones;
 - E) Information on the seismic history that includes the presence and depth of seismic sources and a determination that the seismicity would not interfere with containment; and
 - F) <u>Geologic and topographic maps and cross sections that illustrate</u> regional geology, hydrogeology, and the geologic structure of the local area.
- 4) <u>A tabulation of all wells within the area of review which penetrate the</u> injection or confining zones. Such data must include a description of each well's type, construction, date drilled, location, depth, applicable records of plugging and completion, and any additional information that the Agency may require to evaluate the request for a permit;

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- 5) Maps and stratigraphic cross sections indicating the general vertical and lateral limits of all USDWs, water wells, and springs within the area of review, their positions relative to the injection zones, and the direction of water movement, where known;
- 6) Baseline geochemical data on subsurface formations that includes all USDWs in the area of review;
- 7) Proposed operating data for the proposed geologic sequestration site that includes that following items of information:
 - A) The average and maximum daily rate and volume or mass, and the total anticipated volume or mass, of the carbon dioxide stream;
 - <u>B)</u> The average and maximum injection pressures;
 - <u>C)</u> The sources of the carbon dioxide stream; and
 - D) An analysis of the chemical and physical characteristics of the carbon dioxide stream.
- 8) <u>A proposed program for pre-operational formation testing that fulfills the</u> requirements of Section 730.187 to obtain an analysis of the chemical and physical characteristics of the injection zones and confining zones;
- 9) A proposed stimulation program, a description of stimulation fluids to be used, and a determination that stimulation will not interfere with containment;
- 10) A proposed procedure to outline steps necessary to conduct injection operation;
- 11) Schematics or other appropriate drawings of the surface and subsurface construction details of the well;
- 12) Injection well construction procedures that fulfill the requirements of Section 730.186;

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- 13) A proposed area of review and corrective action plan that fulfills the requirements of Section 730.184;
- 14) A demonstration which is sufficient to support an Agency determination that the applicant has met the financial responsibility requirements under Section 730.185;
- 15) A proposed testing and monitoring plan, as required by Section 730.190;
- 16) A proposed injection well plugging plan, as required by Section 730.192(b);
- 17) A proposed post-injection site care and site closure plan, as required by Section 730.193(a);
- 18) At the Agency's discretion, a demonstration of an alternative postinjection site care timeframe required, as by Section 730.193(c);
- 19) A proposed emergency and remedial response plan, as required by Section 730.194(a);
- 20) A list of contacts, submitted to the Agency, for those states identified to be within the area of review of the Class VI project based on information provided pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of this Section; and
- 21) Any other information requested by the Agency that would support an Agency determination whether to issue the requested permit.
- b) Pursuant to this Section, and as required by 40 CFR 145.23(f)(13), the Agency must notify any states that the Agency determines are within the area of review of the Class VI project based on information submitted pursuant to subsections (a)(2) and (a)(20) of this Section of the permit application in writing.
- c) Prior to granting a permit for the operation of a Class VI injection well, the Agency must consider the following information:
 - 1) The final area of review based on modeling, using data obtained during the logging and testing of the well and the formation required by subsections (c)(2), (c)(3), (c)(4), (c)(6), (c)(7), and (c)(10) of this Section;

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- 2) Any relevant updates to the information on the geologic structure and hydrogeologic properties of the proposed storage site and overlying formations, submitted pursuant to subsection (a)(3) of this Section, based on data obtained during the logging and testing of the well and the formation required by subsections (c)(3), (c)(4), (c)(6), (c)(7), and (c)(10) of this Section;
- 3) Information on the compatibility of the carbon dioxide stream with fluids in the injection zones and minerals in both the injection and the confining zones, based on the results of the formation testing program, and with the materials used to construct the well;
- 4) The results of the formation testing program required by subsection (a)(8) of this Section;
- 5) Final injection well construction procedures that fulfill the requirements of Section 730.186;
- 6) The status of any corrective action on wells in the area of review;
- 7) All available logging and testing program data on the well required by Section 730.187;
- 8) A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to Section 730.189;
- 9) Any updates to the proposed area of review and corrective action plan, the testing and monitoring plan, the injection well plugging plan, the post-injection site care and site closure plan, or the emergency and remedial response plan that the applicant has submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section which are necessary to address new information collected during logging and testing of the well and the formation, as required by this Section, and any updates to the alternative post-injection site care timeframe demonstration submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section that are necessary to address new information collected during the logging and testing of the well and the formation collected during the logging and testing of the well and the formation as required by this Section; and
- 10) Any other information requested by the Agency.

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d) An owner or operator that seeks a permit which includes alternative injection well depth requirements to the generally applicable requirement to inject below the lowermost USDW must also refer to Section 730.195 and submit a supplemental report, as required at Section 730.195(a). The supplemental report is not part of the permit application.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.82, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.183 Minimum Criteria for Siting

- a) The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must sufficiently demonstrate to support an Agency determination that the wells will be sited in areas with a suitable geologic system. The owner or operator must sufficiently demonstrate that the geologic system comprises both of the following elements:
 - 1) An injection zones of sufficient areal extent, thickness, porosity, and permeability to receive the total anticipated volume of the carbon dioxide stream; and
 - 2) Confining zones free of transmissive faults or fractures and of sufficient areal extent and integrity to contain the injected carbon dioxide stream and displaced formation fluids and allow injection at proposed maximum pressures and volumes without initiating or propagating fractures in the confining zones.
- b) The Agency may require the owner or operator of a Class VI injection well to identify and characterize additional zones that will impede vertical fluid movement; that are free of faults and fractures which may interfere with containment; that allow for pressure dissipation; and that provide additional opportunities for monitoring, mitigation, and remediation.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.83, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 730.184 Area of Review and Corrective Action

- a) The area of review is the region surrounding the geologic sequestration project where the injection activity may endanger a USDW. The area of review is delineated using computational modeling that accounts for the physical and chemical properties of all phases of the injected carbon dioxide stream and which is based on available site characterization, monitoring, and operational data.
- b) The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must prepare, maintain, and comply with a plan to delineate the area of review for a proposed geologic sequestration project; must periodically reevaluate the delineation; and must perform corrective action that meets the requirements of this Section and which is sufficient to support an Agency determination that the corrective action is acceptable. The requirement to maintain and implement an approved plan is directly enforceable regardless of whether the requirement is a condition of the permit. As a part of the permit application to the Agency, the owner or operator must submit an area of review and corrective action plan that includes the following information:
 - 1) The method that the owner or operator will use for delineating the area of review which meets the requirements of subsection (c) of this Section, including the model that the owner or operator will use, assumptions that the owner or operator will make, and the site characterization data on which the owner or operator will base the model;
 - 2) <u>A description of each of the following:</u>
 - A) The minimum fixed frequency, not to exceed five years, at which the owner or operator proposes to reevaluate the area of review;
 - B) The monitoring and operational conditions that would warrant a reevaluation of the area of review prior to the next scheduled reevaluation as determined by the minimum fixed frequency established pursuant to subsection (b)(2)(A) of this Section.
 - C) How monitoring and operational data (e.g., injection rate, pressure, etc.) will be used to inform an area of review reevaluation; and

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- D) How the owner or operator will conduct corrective action to meet the requirements of subsection (d) of this Section, including the following information:
 - i) What corrective action the owner or operator will perform prior to injection;
 - ii) What, if any, portions of the area of review the owner or operator will address with corrective action on a phased basis and how that phasing will be determined;
 - iii) How the owner or operator will adjust corrective action if there are changes in the area of review; and
 - iv) How the owner or operator will guarantee site access for future corrective action.
- c) The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must perform the following actions to delineate the area of review and identify all wells that require corrective action:
 - 1) The owner or operator must predict, using existing site characterization, monitoring and operational data, and computational modeling, the projected lateral and vertical migration of the carbon dioxide plume and formation fluids in the subsurface from the commencement of injection activities until the plume movement ceases, until pressure differentials sufficient to cause the movement of injected fluids or formation fluids into a USDW are no longer present, or until the end of a fixed time period determined by the Agency. The model must fulfill the following requirements:
 - A) The model must be based on detailed geologic data collected to characterize the injection zones, confining zones and any additional zones; and anticipated operating data, including injection pressures, rates, and total volumes over the proposed life of the geologic sequestration project;

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- B) The model must take into account any geologic heterogeneities, other discontinuities, data quality, and their possible impact on model predictions; and
- <u>C)</u> The model must consider potential migration through faults, fractures, and artificial penetrations.
- 2) Using methods approved by the Agency, the owner or operator must identify all penetrations, including active and abandoned wells and underground mines, in the area of review that may penetrate the confining zone(s). Provide a description of each well's type, construction, date drilled, location, depth, record of plugging and/ or completion, and any additional information the Agency may require; and
- 3) The owner or operator must determine which abandoned wells in the area of review have been plugged in a manner that prevents the movement of carbon dioxide or other fluids that may endanger USDWs; including use of materials compatible with the carbon dioxide stream.
- d) The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must perform corrective action on all wells in the area of review that are determined to need corrective action, using methods designed to prevent the movement of fluid into or between USDWs, including use of materials compatible with the carbon dioxide stream, where appropriate.
- e) At the minimum fixed frequency, not to exceed five years, as specified in the area of review and corrective action plan, or when monitoring and operational conditions warrant, the owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must fulfill each of the following requirements:
 - 1) The owner or operator must reevaluate the area of review in the same manner specified in subsection (c)(1) of this Section;
 - 2) The owner or operator must identify all wells in the reevaluated area of review that require corrective action in the same manner specified in subsection (c) of this Section;

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- 3) The owner or operator must perform corrective action on wells requiring corrective action in the reevaluated area of review in the same manner specified in subsection (d) of this Section; and
- <u>4</u>) The owner or operator must submit an amended area of review and corrective action plan or demonstrate through monitoring data and modeling results sufficiently to support an Agency finding that no amendment to the area of review and corrective action plan is needed. Any amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan must be approved by the Agency, must be incorporated into the permit, and are subject to the permit modification requirements set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.262 or 704.264, as appropriate.
- f) The emergency and remedial response plan (as required by Section 730.194) and the demonstration of financial responsibility (as described by Section 730.185) must account for the area of review delineated as specified in subsection (c)(1) of this Section or the most recently evaluated area of review delineated pursuant to subsection (e) of this Section, regardless of whether or not corrective action in the area of review is phased.
- g) The owner or operator must retain all modeling inputs and data used to support area of review reevaluations under subsection (e) of this Section for 10 years.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.84, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.185 Financial Responsibility

- a) The owner or operator of an injection well to which this Subpart H applies must demonstrate and maintain financial responsibility that the Agency has determined fulfills the following conditions:
 - 1) The financial responsibility instruments used must be from the following list of qualifying instruments:
 - <u>A)</u> <u>A trust fund.</u>

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- <u>B)</u> <u>A surety bond.</u>
- <u>C)</u> <u>A letter of credit.</u>
- <u>D)</u> <u>Insurance</u>.
- <u>E)</u> <u>Self insurance (i.e., the financial test and corporate guarantee).</u>
- <u>F)</u> <u>An escrow account.</u>
- <u>G)</u> <u>Any other instruments that Agency determines are satisfactory.</u>
- 2) The qualifying instruments must be sufficient to cover the following costs:
 - <u>A)</u> The costs of corrective action (that meets the requirements of Section 730.184);
 - B) The costs of injection well plugging (that meets the requirements of Section 730.192);
 - <u>C)</u> The costs of post-injection site care and site closure (that meets the requirements of Section 730.193); and
 - D) The costs of emergency and remedial response (that meets the requirements of Section 730.194).
- 3) The financial responsibility instruments must be sufficient to address endangerment of underground sources of drinking water.
- 4) The qualifying financial responsibility instruments must comprise protective conditions of coverage.
 - A) Protective conditions of coverage must include at a minimum cancellation, renewal, and continuation provisions; specifications on when the provider becomes liable following a notice of cancellation if there is a failure to renew with a new qualifying financial instrument, and requirements for the provider to meet a minimum rating, minimum capitalization, and have the ability to pass the bond rating when applicable.

- <u>i)</u> Cancellation. For purposes of this Subpart H, the owner or operator must provide that its financial mechanism may not cancel, terminate, or fail to renew, except for failure to pay such financial instrument. If there is a failure to pay the financial instrument, the financial institution may elect to cancel, terminate, or fail to renew the instrument by sending notice by certified mail to the owner or operator and the Agency. The cancellation must not be final for 120 days after receipt of cancellation notice by the owner or operator and the Agency. The owner or operator must provide an alternative financial responsibility demonstration within 60 days of notice of cancellation, and if an alternate financial responsibility demonstration is not acceptable (or possible). any funds from the instrument being cancelled must be released within 60 days of notification by the Agency.
- <u>Renewal.</u> For purposes of this Subpart H, an owner or operator must renew all financial instruments, if an instrument expires, for the entire term of the geologic sequestration project. The instrument may be automatically renewed, as long as the owner or operator has the option of renewal at the face amount of the expiring instrument. The automatic renewal of an instrument must, at a minimum, provide the holder with the option of renewal at the face amount of the expiring financial instrument.
- <u>Cancellation, termination, or failure to renew may not occur</u> and the financial instrument will remain in full force and effect in the event that any of the following occurs on or before the date of expiration: the Agency deems the facility abandoned; or the permit is revoked or a new permit is denied; closure is ordered by the Agency or a court of competent jurisdiction; the owner or operator is named as debtor in a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code; or the amount due on the instrument is fully paid.</u>

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- <u>B</u>) This subsection (a)(4)(B) would correspond with 40 CFR 706.85(a)(4)(ii) if such existed. USEPA codified a paragraph (a)(4)(i) without a paragraph (a)(4)(ii). Illinois codification requirements do not allow codification of a subsection level unless multiple subsections exist at that level. This statement maintains structural consistency with the corresponding federal rules.
- 5) The qualifying financial responsibility instruments must be approved by the Agency.
 - A) The Agency must consider and approve the financial responsibility demonstration for all the phases of the geologic sequestration project prior to issue a Class VI injection well permit (Section 730.182).
 - B) The owner or operator must provide any updated information related to their financial responsibility instruments on an annual basis and if there are any changes, the Agency must evaluate, within a reasonable time, the financial responsibility demonstration to confirm that the instruments used remain adequate for use. The owner or operator must maintain financial responsibility requirements regardless of the status of the Agency's review of the financial responsibility demonstration.
 - C) The Agency must disapprove the use of a financial instrument if the Agency determines that it is not sufficient to meet the requirements of this Section.
- 6) The owner or operator may demonstrate financial responsibility by using one or multiple qualifying financial instruments for specific phases of the geologic sequestration project.
 - <u>A)</u> In the event that the owner or operator combines more than one instrument for a specific geologic sequestration phase (e.g., well plugging), such combination must be limited to instruments that are not based on financial strength or performance (i.e., self insurance or performance bond), for example trust funds, surety bonds guaranteeing payment into a trust fund, letters of credit, escrow account, and insurance. In this case, it is the combination

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of mechanisms, rather than the single mechanism, that must provide financial responsibility for an amount at least equal to the current cost estimate.

- B) When using a third-party instrument to demonstrate financial responsibility, the owner or operator must provide a proof that the third-party provider fulfills either of the following:
 - i) The provider must have passed financial strength requirements of subsection (b)(6)(E) of this Section based on credit ratings; or
 - ii) The provider must have met a minimum rating, minimum capitalization, and have the ability to pass the bond rating set forth in subsection (b)(6)(E) of this Section when applicable.
- C) An owner or operator using certain types of third-party instruments must establish a standby trust fund to enable Agency to be party to the financial responsibility agreement without Agency being the beneficiary of any funds. The standby trust fund must be used along with other financial responsibility instruments (e.g., surety bonds, letters of credit, or escrow accounts) to provide a location to place funds if needed.
- D) An owner or operator may deposit money to an escrow account to cover financial responsibility requirements. This account must segregate funds sufficient to cover estimated costs for Class VI (geologic sequestration) financial responsibility from other accounts and uses.
- E) An owner or operator or its guarantor may use self insurance to demonstrate financial responsibility for geologic sequestration projects if the owner or operator or its guarantor fulfill the following requirements:
 - i) The owner or operator or its guarantor must meet a tangible net worth of an amount approved by the Agency;

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- ii) The owner or operator or its guarantor must have a net working capital and tangible net worth each at least six times the sum of the current well plugging, post injection site care, and site closure cost;
- iii) The owner or operator or its guarantor must have assets located in the United States amounting to at least 90 percent of total assets or at least six times the sum of the current well plugging, post injection site care, and site closure cost;
- iv) The owner or operator or its guarantor must submit a report of its bond rating and financial information annually; and
- <u>v</u>) The owner or operator or its guarantor must either have a bond rating test of AAA, AA, A, or BBB, as issued by Standard & Poor's, or Aaa, Aa, A, or Baa, as issued by Moody's, or meet all of the following five financial ratio thresholds: a ratio of total liabilities to net worth less than 2.0; a ratio of current assets to current liabilities greater than 1.5; a ratio of the sum of net income plus depreciation, depletion, and amortization to total liabilities greater than 0.1; a ratio of current assets minus current liabilities to total assets greater than -0.1; and a net profit (revenues minus expenses) greater than 0.
- F) An owner or operator that is not able to meet the corporate financial test criteria of subsection (a)(6)(E) of this Section may arrange a corporate guarantee by demonstrating that its corporate parent meets the financial test requirements on its behalf. The corporate parent's demonstration that it meets the financial test requirement is insufficient if it has not also guaranteed to fulfill the obligations for the owner or operator.
- <u>G</u>) <u>An owner or operator may obtain an insurance policy to cover the</u> <u>estimated costs of geologic sequestration activities that require</u> <u>financial responsibility</u>. This insurance policy must be obtained <u>from a third party provider</u>.

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- b) The requirement to maintain adequate financial responsibility and resources is directly enforceable regardless of whether the requirement is a condition of the permit.
 - 1) The owner or operator must maintain financial responsibility and resources until both of the following events have occurred:
 - A) The Agency has received and approved the completed postinjection site care and site closure plan; and
 - <u>B)</u> The Agency has approved site closure.
 - 2) The owner or operator may be released from a financial instrument in the following circumstances:
 - A) The owner or operator has completed the phase of the geologic sequestration project for which the financial instrument was required, and the owner or operator has fulfilled all of its financial obligations, as determined by the Agency, including obtaining financial responsibility for the next phase of the geologic sequestration project, if required; or
 - B) The owner or operator has submitted a replacement financial instrument, and the owner or operator has received written approval from the Agency that accepts the new financial instrument and which releases the owner or operator from the previous financial assurance instrument.
- c) The owner or operator must have a detailed written estimate, in current dollars, of the cost of performing corrective action on wells in the area of review, plugging the injection wells, post-injection site care, site closure, and emergency and remedial response.
 - 1) The cost estimate must be performed for each phase separately, and the cost estimate must be based on the costs to the Agency of hiring a third party to perform the required activities. A third party is a party who is not within the corporate structure of the owner or operator.

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- 2) During the active life of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or operator must adjust the cost estimate for inflation within 60 days prior to the anniversary date of the establishment of the financial instruments used to comply with subsection (a) of this Section, and the owner or operator provide this adjustment to the Agency. The owner or operator must also provide to the Agency written updates of adjustments to the cost estimate within 60 days after any amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan (Section 730.184), the injection well plugging plan (Section 730.192), the post-injection site care and site closure plan (Section 730.194).
- 3) The Agency must approve any decrease or increase to the initial cost estimate. During the active life of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or operator must revise the cost estimate no later than 60 days after any of the following events has occurred: the Agency has approved the request to modify the area of review and corrective action plan (Section 730.184), the Agency has approved the injection well plugging plan (Section 730.192), the Agency has approved the post-injection site care and site closure plan (Section 730.193), or the Agency has approved the emergency and response plan (Section 730.194), if the change in the plan increases the cost. If the change to the plan decreases the cost, any withdrawal of funds must be approved by the Agency. Any decrease to the value of the financial assurance instrument must first be approved by the Agency. The revised cost estimate must be adjusted for inflation as specified at subsection (c)(2) of this Section.
- 4) Within 60 days after an increase in the current cost estimate to an amount greater than the face amount of a financial instrument currently in use, the owner or operator must either cause the face amount to be increased to an amount at least equal to the current cost estimate and submit evidence of such increase to the Agency, or obtain other financial responsibility instruments to cover the increase. Whenever the current cost estimate decreases, the owner or operator may reduce the face amount of the financial assurance instrument to the amount of the current cost estimate only in accordance with a written approval from the Agency.

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- <u>d)</u> The owner or operator must notify the Agency by certified mail of adverse financial conditions, such as bankruptcy, that may affect the ability to carry out injection well plugging and post-injection site care and site closure.
 - 1) In the event that the owner or operator or the third party provider of a financial responsibility instrument is going through a bankruptcy, the owner or operator must notify the Agency of the proceeding by certified mail within 10 days after commencement of a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code that names the owner or operator as debtor.
 - 2) The guarantor of a corporate guarantee must make the notification to the Agency required by subsection (d)(2) of this Section if the guarantor is named as debtor, as required under the terms of the corporate guarantee.
 - 3) An owner or operator who fulfills the requirements of subsection (a) of this Section by obtaining a trust fund, surety bond, letter of credit, escrow account, or insurance policy will be deemed to be without the required financial assurance in the event of bankruptcy of the trustee or issuing institution or a suspension or revocation of the authority of the trustee institution to act as trustee of the institution issuing the pertinent financial assurance instrument. The owner or operator must establish other financial assurance within 60 days after such an event.
- e) The owner or operator must provide an adjustment of the cost estimate to the Agency within 60 days after notification of an Agency determination during the annual evaluation of the qualifying financial responsibility instruments that the most recent demonstration is no longer adequate to cover the cost of corrective action (as required by Section 730.184), injection well plugging (as required by Section 730.192), post-injection site care and site closure (as required by Section 730.194). 730.193), and emergency and remedial response (as required by Section 730.194).
- f) The Agency must approve the use and length of pay-in-periods for trust funds or escrow accounts.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.85, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 730.186 Injection Well Construction Requirements

- a) <u>General.</u> The owner or operator must ensure that its Class VI injection wells are constructed and completed to fulfill the following requirements:
 - 1) The well construction and completion must prevent the movement of fluids into or between USDWs or into any unauthorized zone;
 - 2) The well construction and completion must permit the use of appropriate testing devices and workover tools; and
 - 3) The well construction and completion must permit continuous monitoring of the annulus space between the injection tubing and long-string casing.
- b) Casing and cementing of Class VI injection wells.
 - The casing, cement, and other materials used in the construction of each Class VI injection well must have sufficient structural strength and be designed to last for the life of the geologic sequestration project. All well materials must be compatible with fluids with which the materials may be expected to come into contact, and the owner or operator must submit sufficient documentation to the Agency to support a determination that the casing, cement, and other materials meet or exceed standards developed for such materials by the American Petroleum Institute, ASTM International, or a comparable industry standards organization. The casing and cementing program must be designed to prevent the movement of fluids into or between USDWs. In order to allow the Agency to determine and specify casing and cementing requirements, the owner or operator must provide the following information to the Agency:
 - A) The depth to the injection zones;
 - B) The injection pressure, external pressure, internal pressure, and axial loading;
 - <u>C)</u> <u>The hole size;</u>

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- D) The size and grade of all casing strings (the wall thickness, external diameter, nominal weight, length, joint specification, and construction material);
- <u>E)</u> The corrosiveness of the carbon dioxide stream and formation fluids;
- F) The down-hole temperatures;
- <u>G)</u> The lithology of the injection and confining zones;
- H) The type or grade of cement and cement additives; and
- I) The quantity, chemical composition, and temperature of the carbon dioxide stream.
- 2) The surface casing must extend through the base of the lowermost USDW and be cemented to the surface through the use of a single or multiple strings of casing and cement.
- 3) At least one long-string casing, using a sufficient number of centralizers, must extend to the injection zone and must be cemented by circulating cement to the surface in one or more stages.
- 4) The circulation of cement may be accomplished by staging. The Agency must approve an alternative method of cementing when it determines that the cement cannot be recirculated to the surface, provided the owner or operator can demonstrate, by using logs, that the cement does not allow fluid movement behind the well bore.
- 5) The cement and cement additives must be compatible with the carbon dioxide stream and formation fluids and of sufficient quality and quantity to maintain integrity over the design life of the geologic sequestration project. The integrity and location of the cement must be verified that uses technology capable of evaluating cement quality radially and which identifies the location of channels to ensure that USDWs are not endangered.
- c) <u>Tubing and packer.</u>

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- 1) The tubing and packer materials used in the construction of a Class VI injection well must be compatible with fluids with which the materials may be expected to come into contact, and the owner or operator must submit sufficient documentation to the Agency to support a determination that the tubing and packer meet or exceed standards developed for such materials by the American Petroleum Institute, ASTM International, or a comparable industry standards organization.
- 2) The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must inject fluids through tubing with a packer set at a depth opposite a cemented interval at the location approved by the Agency.
- 3) In order for the Agency to determine and specify requirements for tubing and packer, the owner or operator must submit the following information to the Agency:
 - A) The depth of setting;
 - B) The characteristics of the carbon dioxide stream (the chemical content, corrosiveness, temperature, and density) and formation fluids;
 - <u>C)</u> <u>The maximum proposed injection pressure;</u>
 - D) The maximum proposed annular pressure;
 - E) The proposed injection rate (intermittent or continuous) and the volume or mass of the carbon dioxide stream;
 - F) The size of the tubing and casing; and
 - <u>G)</u> <u>The tubing tensile, burst, and collapse strengths.</u>

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.86, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 730.187 Logging, Sampling, and Testing Prior to Injection Well Operation

- a) During the drilling and construction of a Class VI injection well, the owner or operator must run appropriate logs, surveys, and tests to determine or verify the depth, thickness, porosity, permeability, and lithology of all relevant geologic formations and the salinity of any formation fluids in those formations, to ensure conformance with the injection well construction requirements under Section 730.186 and to establish accurate baseline data against which future measurements may be compared. The owner or operator must submit to the Agency a descriptive report prepared by a knowledgeable log analyst that includes an interpretation of the results of such logs and tests. At a minimum, such logs and tests must include the following information items:
 - 1) Deviation checks made during drilling on all holes constructed by drilling a pilot hole that is enlarged by reaming or another method. Such checks must be at sufficiently frequent intervals to determine the location of the borehole and to ensure that vertical avenues for fluid movement in the form of diverging holes are not created during drilling;
 - 2) Before and upon installation of the surface casing, the following:
 - A) The resistivity, spontaneous potential, and caliper logs before the casing is installed; and
 - B) A cement bond and variable density log, to evaluate cement quality radially, and a temperature log after the casing is set and cemented;
 - 3) Before and upon installation of the long string casing, the following:
 - A) The resistivity, spontaneous potential, porosity, caliper, gamma ray, fracture finder logs, and any other logs the Agency requires for the given geology before the casing is installed; and
 - B) A cement bond and variable density log and a temperature log, after the casing is set and cemented;
 - 4) <u>A series of tests designed to demonstrate the internal and external</u> mechanical integrity of injection wells, which may include the following:

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- <u>A)</u> <u>A pressure test with liquid or gas;</u>
- B) A tracer survey, such as oxygen-activation logging;
- <u>C)</u> <u>A temperature or noise log; and</u>
- D) A casing inspection log; and
- 5) Any alternative methods that provide equivalent or better information and which are required by or approved of by the Agency.
- b) The owner or operator must take whole cores or sidewall cores of the injection zone and confining system and formation fluid samples from all injection zones, and the owner or operator must submit a detailed report prepared by a log analyst to the Agency that includes the following information: well log analyses (including well logs), core analyses, and formation fluid sample information. The Agency must accept information on cores from nearby wells if the Agency determines that the owner or operator has demonstrated that core retrieval is not possible and such cores are representative of conditions at the well. The Agency must require the owner or operator to core other formations in the borehole if the Agency determines that coring those other formations is necessary for evaluation of the well project.
- c) The owner or operator must record the fluid temperature, pH, conductivity, reservoir pressure, and static fluid level of each injection zone.
- d) At a minimum, the owner or operator must determine or calculate the following information concerning the injection and confining zones:
 - 1) The fracture pressure;
 - 2) Other physical and chemical characteristics of the injection and confining zones; and
 - 3) The physical and chemical characteristics of the formation fluids in each injection zone.
- e) Upon completion, but prior to operation, the owner or operator must conduct the following tests to verify hydrogeologic characteristics of each injection zone:

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- 1) A pressure fall-off test and a pump test; or
- 2) A pressure fall-off test and injectivity tests.
- f) The owner or operator must provide the Agency with the opportunity to witness all logging and testing by this Subpart H. The owner or operator must submit a schedule of such activities to the Agency no later than 30 days prior to conducting the first test, and the owner or operator must submit any changes to the schedule to the Agency no later than 30 days prior to the next scheduled test.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.87, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.188 Injection Well Operating Requirements

- a) Except during injection well stimulation, the owner or operator must ensure that injection pressure does not exceed 90 percent of the fracture pressure of the injection zones, so as to ensure that the injection does not initiate new fractures or propagate existing fractures in the injection zones. In no case may injection pressure initiate fractures in the confining zones or cause the movement of injection or formation fluids that endangers a USDW. Pursuant to the requirements of Section 730.182(a)(9), all stimulation programs must be approved by the Agency as part of the permit application and incorporated into the permit.
- b) Injection between the outermost casing that protects any USDW and the well bore is prohibited.
- c) The owner or operator must fill the annulus between the tubing and the long string casing with a non-corrosive fluid approved by the Agency. The owner or operator must maintain on the annulus a pressure that exceeds the operating injection pressure, unless the Agency determines that such a requirement might harm the integrity of the well or endanger any USDW.
- d) Other than during periods of well workover (maintenance) approved by the Agency in which the sealed tubing-casing annulus is disassembled for

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maintenance or corrective procedures, the owner or operator must maintain mechanical integrity of the injection well at all times.

- e) The owner or operator must install and use the equipment indicated in subsection (e)(1) of this Section and the appropriate of subsection (e)(2) or (e)(3) of this Section:
 - 1) Continuous recording devices that monitor each of the following parameters:
 - <u>A)</u> The carbon dioxide injection pressure;
 - B) The rate, volume or mass, and temperature of the carbon dioxide stream;
 - C) The pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string casing; and
 - D) The annulus fluid volume.
 - 2) For onshore wells, alarms and automatic surface shut-off systems or, at the discretion of the Agency, down-hole shut-off systems (e.g., automatic shut-off valves, check valves, etc.) or other mechanical devices that provide equivalent protection.
 - 3) For wells located offshore but within State territorial waters, alarms and automatic down-hole shut-off systems designed to alert the operator and shut-in the well when operating parameters, such as annulus pressure, injection rate, or other parameters, diverge beyond permitted ranges or gradients specified in the permit.
- f) If a shutdown is triggered (down-hole or at the surface), or if a loss of mechanical integrity is discovered, the owner or operator must immediately investigate and identify the cause of the shutoff as expeditiously as possible. If, upon such investigation, or if monitoring required under subsection (e) of this Section otherwise indicates that the well may be lacking mechanical integrity, the well appears to be lacking mechanical integrity the owner or operator must undertake each of the following actions:

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- 1) The owner or operator must immediately cease injection;
- 2) The owner or operator must take all steps reasonably necessary to determine whether there may have been a release of the injected carbon dioxide stream or formation fluids into any unauthorized zone;
- 3) The owner or operator must notify the Agency of the event within 24 hours:
- 4) The owner or operator must restore and demonstrate the mechanical integrity of the well to the satisfaction of the Agency prior to resuming injection; and
- 5) The owner or operator must notify the Agency when injection can be expected to resume.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.88, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.189 Mechanical Integrity

- a) <u>A Class VI injection well has mechanical integrity if both of the following conditions exist:</u>
 - 1) There is no significant leak in the casing, tubing, or packer; and
 - 2) There is no significant fluid movement into a USDW through channels adjacent to the injection well bore.
- b) To evaluate the absence of significant leaks under subsection (a)(1) of this Section, the owner or operator must, following an initial annulus pressure test, continuously monitor each of the following parameters:
 - 1) The injection pressure, rate, and injected volumes;
 - 2) The pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long-string casing; and

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- 3) The annulus fluid volume, as specified in Section 730.188 (e);
- c) At least once per year, the owner or operator must use one of the following methods to determine the absence of significant fluid movement under subsection (a)(2) of this Section:
 - 1) An approved tracer survey, such as an oxygen-activation log; or
 - 2) <u>A temperature or noise log.</u>
- d) If required by the Agency, at a frequency specified in the testing and monitoring plan required by Section 730.190, the owner or operator must run a casing inspection log to determine the presence or absence of corrosion in the long-string casing.
- e) The Agency must require any requested alternative test that the Agency has determined is necessary to evaluate mechanical integrity under subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this Section after obtaining the written approval of USEPA.

BOARD NOTE: Corresponding 40 CFR 146.89(e) provides that the Agency must submit a written request to USEPA setting forth the proposed test and all technical data supporting its use to obtain approval for a new mechanical integrity test. USEPA stated that it will approve the request if USEPA determines that the proposed test will reliably demonstrate the mechanical integrity of wells for which its use was proposed. USEPA stated that it will publish any alternative method that USEPA has approved in the Federal Register, and the Agency must approve use of the published method if the Agency has determined that the method is appropriate to evaluate mechanical integrity, unless USEPA restricts its use at the time of approval by USEPA.

f) In conducting and evaluating the tests enumerated in this Section or others that the Agency has required by permit, the owner or operator and the Agency must apply methods and standards generally accepted in the industry. When the owner or operator reports the results of mechanical integrity tests to the Agency, the owner or operator must include a description of the tests and the methods used. In making its evaluation, the Agency must review monitoring and other test data submitted since the previous evaluation.

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g) The Agency must require additional or alternative tests if the Agency determines that the results presented by the owner or operator pursuant to subsections (a) through (d) of this Section are not satisfactory to demonstrate that there is no significant leak in the casing, tubing, or packer or that there is no significant movement of fluid into a USDW resulting from the injection activity, as such are required by subsections (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this Section.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.89, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.190 Testing and Monitoring Requirements

The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must prepare, maintain, and comply with a testing and monitoring plan which will verify that the geologic sequestration project is operating as permitted, and that the project is not endangering USDWs. The requirement to maintain and implement an approved testing and monitoring plan is directly enforceable, regardless of whether the requirement is a condition of the permit. The owner or operator must submit the testing and monitoring plan to the Agency with the permit application, and the owner or operator must include a description of how it will meet the requirements of this Section, including accessing sites for all necessary monitoring and testing during the life of the project. Testing and monitoring associated with geologic sequestration projects must, at a minimum, include the following parameters and devices:

- a) Analyses of the carbon dioxide stream with sufficient frequency to yield data representative of the chemical and physical characteristics of the stream;
- b) Installation and use, of continuous recording devices to monitor injection pressure, rate, and volume, except during well workovers, as such are defined in Section 730.188(d); the pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string casing; and the annulus fluid volume added;
- c) Corrosion monitoring of the well materials for loss of mass, thickness, cracking, pitting, and other signs of corrosion, which must be performed on a quarterly basis to ensure that the well components fulfill the Agency-approved minimum standards for material strength and performance, as provided in Section 730.186(b), by performing one of the following tests:

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- 1) Analyzing coupons of the well construction materials placed in contact with the carbon dioxide stream;
- 2) Routing the carbon dioxide stream through a loop constructed with the material used in the well and inspecting the materials in the loop; or
- 3) Using an alternative method approved by the Agency;
- d) Periodic monitoring of the ground water quality and geochemical changes above the confining zones that may be a result of carbon dioxide movement through the confining zones or additional identified zones, including the following information:
 - 1) The location and number of monitoring wells based on specific information about the geologic sequestration project, including injection rate and volume, geology, the presence of artificial penetrations, and other factors; and
 - 2) The monitoring frequency and spatial distribution of monitoring wells based on baseline geochemical data that has been collected pursuant to Section 730.182(a)(6) and on any modeling results in the area of review evaluation required by Section 730.184(c).
- e) The annual demonstration of external mechanical integrity required by Section 730.189(c) at least once per year until the injection well is plugged; and, if required by the Agency, a casing inspection log undertaken pursuant to Section 730.189(d), at a frequency established in the testing and monitoring plan;
- f) A pressure fall-off test at least once every five years, unless the Agency has required more frequent testing based on site-specific information;
- g) Testing and monitoring to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume and the presence or absence of elevated pressure (i.e., the pressure front) by using the following types of methods:
 - 1) Direct methods in the injection zones; and
 - 2) Indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys or down-hole carbon dioxide detection tools), unless the Agency

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has determined, based on site-specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate;

- h) The Agency must require surface air monitoring or soil gas monitoring if the Agency determines that such monitoring is needed to detect movement of carbon dioxide that could endanger a USDW.
 - 1) The design of Class VI injection well surface air or soil gas monitoring must be based on potential risks to USDWs within the area of review;
 - 2) The monitoring frequency and spatial distribution of surface air monitoring or soil gas monitoring must be decided using baseline data, and the monitoring plan must describe how the proposed monitoring will yield useful information on the area of review delineation or compliance with the prohibition against movement of fluid into a USDW set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.122;
 - 3) If the Agency requires surface air or soil gas monitoring, the Agency has determined that monitoring undertaken to comply with subpart RR of 40 CFR 98 accomplishes the goals of subsections (h)(1) and (h)(2) of this Section, and the owner or operator fulfills the carbon dioxide release reporting requirements set forth in Section 730.191(c)(5), the Agency must approve the use of monitoring undertaken to comply with subpart RR of 40 CFR 98. After approval by the Agency, compliance with subpart RR of 40 CFR 98 pursuant to this subsection (h)(3) is deemed a condition of the Class VI injection well permit;
- <u>Any additional monitoring that the Agency has determined is necessary to</u> support, upgrade, and improve the computational modeling of the area of review evaluation that is required by Section 730.184(c) and to determine compliance with the prohibition against movement of fluid into a USDW set forth in 35 Ill.</u> Adm. Code 704.122;
- j) The owner or operator must periodically review the testing and monitoring plan to incorporate monitoring data collected under this Subpart H, operational data collected pursuant to Section 730.188, and the most recent area of review reevaluation performed pursuant to Section 730.184(e). The owner or operator must review the testing and monitoring plan at least once in every five-year period. Based on this review, the owner or operator must submit an amended

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testing and monitoring plan or demonstrate to the Agency that no amendment to the testing and monitoring plan is needed. Any amendments to the testing and monitoring plan must be approved by the Agency, must be incorporated into the permit, and are subject to the permit modification requirements set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.261 or 704.264, as appropriate. The owner or operator must submit amended plans or demonstrations to the Agency as follows:

- 1) Within one year after an area of review reevaluation;
- 2) Following any significant changes to the facility, such as addition of monitoring wells or newly permitted injection wells within the area of review, on a schedule determined by the Agency; or
- 3) When required by the Agency.
- <u>k)</u> <u>A quality assurance and surveillance plan for all testing and monitoring requirements.</u>

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.90, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.191 Reporting Requirements

The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must, at a minimum, provide the following reports to the Agency, for each permitted Class VI injection well, as specified in subsection (e) of this Section:

- a) <u>Semi-annual reports containing the following information:</u>
 - 1) A description of any deviations in the physical, chemical, and other relevant characteristics of the carbon dioxide stream from the proposed operating data submitted to the Agency pursuant to Sections 730.182(a)(7) and (c)(3) and 730.186(b)(1) and (c)(3);
 - 2) The monthly average, maximum, and minimum values for injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and annular pressure;

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- 3) A description of any event that exceeds operating parameters for the annulus pressure or injection pressure specified in the permit;
- 4) <u>A description of any event that triggers a shut-off device required pursuant</u> to Section 730.188(e) and the response undertaken by the owner or operator:
- 5) The monthly volume or mass of the carbon dioxide stream injected over the reporting period and the volume injected cumulatively over the life of the project;
- 6) The monthly annulus fluid volume added; and
- 7) The results of the monitoring required by Section 730.190.
- b) Report the results within 30 days after completion of any of the following:
 - 1) Any results of periodic tests of mechanical integrity;
 - 2) Any well workover; and
 - 3) Results of any other test of the injection well that the owner or operator has conducted as required by the Agency.
- c) Report any of the following events within 24 hours after the event:
 - 1) The owner or operator has discovered any evidence that the injected carbon dioxide stream or associated pressure front may cause an endangerment to a USDW;
 - 2) The owner or operator has discovered any noncompliance with a permit condition, or malfunction of the injection system, which may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs;
 - 3) The owner or operator has discovered any triggering of a shut-off system (*i.e.*, down-hole or at the surface);
 - 4) The owner or operator has discovered any failure to maintain mechanical integrity; or

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- 5) The owner or operator has discovered any release of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere or biosphere through surface air or soil gas monitoring or other monitoring technologies that the Agency has required pursuant to Section 730.190(h).
- d) An owner or operator must notify the Agency in writing 30 days in advance of any of the following:
 - 1) Any planned well workover;
 - 2) Any planned stimulation activities, other than stimulation for formation testing conducted pursuant to Section 730.182; and
 - 3) Any other planned test of the injection well conducted by the owner or operator.
- e) In corresponding 40 CFR 146.91(e), USEPA has stated that owners or operators must submit all required reports, submittals, and notifications under this Subpart H to USEPA in an electronic format approved by USEPA.
- <u>f)</u> The owner or operator must retain records as follows:
 - 1) The owner or operator must retain all data collected pursuant to Section 730.182 for Class VI permit applications throughout the life of the geologic sequestration project and for 10 years following site closure.
 - 2) The owner or operator must retain data on the nature and composition of all injected fluids collected pursuant to Section 730.190(a) until 10 years after site closure. The Agency may require the owner or operator to deliver the records to the Agency at the conclusion of the retention period.
 - 3) The owner or operator must retain monitoring data collected pursuant to Section 730.190(b) through (i) for 10 years after it is collected.
 - 4) The owner or operator must retain well plugging reports, postinjection site care data, including, if appropriate, data and information used to develop the demonstration of the alternative post-injection site care timeframe, and

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the site closure report collected pursuant to requirements at Sections 730.193(f) and (h) for 10 years following site closure.

5) The Agency may require the owner or operator to retain any records required by this Subpart H for a period that is longer than 10 years after site closure. Any Agency requirement that the owner or operator retain records for a longer period must be made in writing, the writing must recite a definite longer period, and the Agency must state the reasons for the determination to require the longer period. An owner or operator may appeal any Agency determination made pursuant to this subsection (f)(5) to the Board pursuant to section 40 of the Act [415 ILCS 5/40].

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.91, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.192 Injection Well Plugging

- a) <u>Prior to the well plugging, the owner or operator must flush each Class VI</u> injection well with a buffer fluid, determine bottomhole reservoir pressure, and perform a final external mechanical integrity test.
- b) Well plugging plan. The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must prepare, maintain, and comply with a well plugging plan that is acceptable to the Agency. The requirement to maintain and implement an approved well plugging plan is directly enforceable regardless of whether the requirement is a condition of the permit. The owner or operator must submit the well plugging plan as part of the permit application, and the well plugging plan must include the following information:
 - 1) Appropriate tests or measures for determining bottomhole reservoir pressure;
 - 2) Appropriate testing methods to ensure external mechanical integrity, as specified in Section 730.189;
 - 3) The type and number of plugs to be used;

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- 4) The placement of each plug, including the elevation of the top and bottom of each plug;
- 5) The type, grade, and quantity of material to be used in plugging. The material must be compatible with the carbon dioxide stream; and
- 6) The method of placement of the plugs.
- c) Notice of intent to plug. The owner or operator must notify the Agency in writing, and USEPA electronically pursuant to Section 730.191(e), at least 60 days before beginning the plugging of a well. The owner or operator must also provide the revised well plugging plan at the time of this notice if any changes have been made to the original well plugging plan. The Agency must allow for a shorter notice period if the Agency determines that the shorter notice period is adequate to complete Agency review of the well plugging plan or that well plugging must occur more promptly. The Agency must approve any amendments to the injection well plugging plan and incorporate the amendments into the permit, and the incorporation of the amendments into the permit is subject to the permit modification requirements set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.262 or 704.264, as appropriate.
- d) Plugging report. Within 60 days after plugging, the owner or operator must submit a plugging report to the Agency, electronically to USEPA pursuant to Section 730.191(e). The plugging report must be certified as accurate by the owner or operator and by the person who performed the plugging operation (if other than the owner or operator). The owner or operator must retain the well plugging report for 10 years following site closure.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.92, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.193 Post-Injection Site Care and Site Closure

a) The owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must prepare, maintain, and comply with a plan for post-injection site care and site closure that the Agency has determined meets the requirements of subsection (a)(2) of this Section. The

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requirement to maintain and implement an approved plan is directly enforceable, regardless of whether the requirement is a condition of the permit.

- 1) The owner or operator must submit the post-injection site care and site closure plan to the Agency as a part of the permit application.
- 2) The post-injection site care and site closure plan must include the following information:
 - A) The pressure differential between pre-injection and predicted postinjection pressures in the injection zones;
 - B) The predicted position of the carbon dioxide plume and associated pressure front at site closure, as demonstrated in the area of review evaluation required by Section 730.184(c)(1);
 - <u>C)</u> <u>A description of the proposed post-injection monitoring location,</u> methods, and frequency;
 - D) <u>A proposed schedule for submitting post-injection site care</u> monitoring results to the Agency pursuant to Section 730.191(e); and
 - E) The duration of the post-injection site care timeframe and, if approved by the Agency, the demonstration of the alternative postinjection site care timeframe that ensures non-endangerment of USDWs.
- 3) Upon cessation of injection, the owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must either submit an amended post-injection site care and site closure plan or demonstrate to the Agency through monitoring data and modeling results that no amendment to the plan is needed. The Agency must approve any amendments to the post-injection site care and site closure plan and incorporate the amendments into the permit, and the incorporation of the amendments into the permit is subject to the permit modification requirements set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.262 or 704.264, as appropriate.

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- 4) At any time during the life of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or operator may modify and resubmit the post-injection site care and site closure plan for Agency approval. The owner or operator must resubmit the plan to the Agency within 30 days after making any modification.
- b) The owner or operator must monitor the site following the cessation of injection to show the position of the carbon dioxide plume and pressure front and demonstrate that no USDW is being endangered.
 - Following the cessation of injection, the owner or operator must continue to conduct monitoring as specified in the Agency-approved post-injection site care and site closure plan for at least 50 years or for the duration of the alternative timeframe approved by the Agency pursuant to requirements in subsection (c) of this Section, unless he/she makes a demonstration under (b)(2) of this Section. The monitoring must continue until the geologic sequestration project no longer poses an endangerment to USDWs and the demonstration under (b)(2) of this Section is submitted and approved by the Agency.
 - 2) If the Agency determines based on monitoring and other site-specific data that the geologic sequestration project no longer poses an endangerment to any USDW before 50 years or prior to the end of the approved alternative timeframe, the Agency must either approve an amendment to the postinjection site care and site closure plan to reduce the frequency of monitoring or authorize site closure before the end of the 50-year period or prior to the end of the approved alternative timeframe.
 - 3) Prior to authorization for site closure, the owner or operator must submit to the Agency for review and approval a demonstration, based on monitoring and other site-specific data, that no additional monitoring is needed to ensure that the geologic sequestration project does not pose an endangerment to any USDW.
 - 4) If the owner or operator cannot make the demonstration required by subsection (b)(3) of this Section (i.e., the Agency has determined that additional monitoring is needed to ensure that the geologic sequestration project does not pose an endangerment to any USDW or the Agency has not approved the demonstration) at the end of the 50-year period or at the end of the approved alternative timeframe, the owner or operator must

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submit to the Agency a plan to continue post-injection site care until the owner or operator has made a demonstration that the Agency can approve.

- c) Demonstration of alternative post-injection site care timeframe. If the Agency determines in consultation with USEPA during the permitting process that an alternative post-injection site care timeframe other than the 50-year default is appropriate and ensures non-endangerment of any USDW, the Agency must approve the alternative post-injection site care timeframe. The Agency must base its determination on significant, site-specific data and information, including all data and information collected pursuant to Sections 730.182 and 730.183, and the Agency must determine based on substantial evidence that the geologic sequestration project will no longer pose a risk of endangerment to any USDW at the end of the alternative post-injection site care timeframe.
 - 1) <u>A demonstration of an alternative post-injection site care timeframe must</u> include consideration and documentation of the following:
 - A) The results of computational modeling performed pursuant to delineation of the area of review, as required by Section 730.184;
 - B) The predicted timeframe for pressure decline within the injection zone and any other zones, such that formation fluids may not be forced into any USDW, or the timeframe for pressure decline to pre-injection pressures;
 - <u>C)</u> The predicted rate of carbon dioxide plume migration within the injection zone and the predicted timeframe for the cessation of migration;
 - D) <u>A description of the site-specific processes that will result in</u> <u>carbon dioxide trapping, including immobilization by capillary</u> <u>trapping, dissolution, and mineralization at the site;</u>
 - E) The predicted rate of carbon dioxide trapping in the immobile capillary phase, dissolved phase, and mineral phase;
 - F) The results of laboratory analyses, research studies, or field or sitespecific studies to verify the information required in subsections (c)(1)(D) and (c)(1)(E) of this Section;

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- <u>G</u>) <u>A characterization of the confining zones, including a</u> <u>demonstration that each confining zone is free of transmissive</u> <u>faults, fractures, and micro-fractures and is of appropriate</u> <u>thickness, permeability, and integrity to impede fluid movement</u> (e.g., carbon dioxide, formation fluids, etc.);
- H) The presence of potential conduits for fluid movement, including planned injection wells and project monitoring wells associated with the proposed geologic sequestration project or any other projects in proximity to the predicted or modeled final extent of the carbon dioxide plume and area of elevated pressure;
- I) A description of the well construction and an assessment of the quality of plugs of all abandoned wells within the area of review;
- J) The distance between the injection zone and the nearest USDWs above and below the injection zone; and
- K) Any additional site-specific factors required by the Agency.
- 2) Information submitted to support the demonstration required by subsection (c)(1) of this Section must meet the following criteria:
 - <u>A)</u> <u>All analyses and tests performed to support the demonstration must</u> <u>be accurate and reproducible, and they must have been performed</u> <u>in accordance with the established quality assurance standards;</u>
 - B) Estimation techniques must be appropriate, and USEPA-certified test protocols must have been used where available;
 - C) Predictive models must be appropriate and tailored to the site conditions, composition of the carbon dioxide stream, and injection and site conditions over the life of the geologic sequestration project;
 - D) Predictive models must be calibrated using existing information (e.g., at Class I, Class II, or Class V experimental technology injection well sites) where sufficient data are available;

- E) Reasonably conservative values and modeling assumptions must be used and disclosed to the Agency whenever values are estimated on the basis of known historical information instead of site-specific measurements;
- F) The owner or operator must perform an analysis to identify and assess aspects of the alternative post-injection site care timeframe demonstration that contribute significantly to uncertainty. The owner or operator must conduct sensitivity analyses to determine the effect that significant uncertainty may contribute to the modeling demonstration.
- <u>G</u>) <u>An approved quality assurance and quality control plan must</u> <u>address all aspects of the demonstration; and,</u>
- H) Any additional criteria required by the Agency.
- d) Notice of intent for site closure. The owner or operator must notify the Agency in writing at least 120 days before site closure. At the time of this notice, if any changes have been made to the original post-injection site care and site closure plan, the owner or operator must also provide the revised plan. The Agency may allow for a shorter notice period. The Agency must allow for a shorter notice period if the Agency determines that the shorter notice period is adequate to complete Agency review of the post-injection site care and site closure plan or that well closure must occur more promptly.
- e) After the Agency has authorized site closure, the owner or operator must plug all monitoring wells in a manner that will not allow movement of injection or formation fluids which endangers a USDW.
- f) The owner or operator must submit a site closure report to the Agency within 90 days after site closure, which must thereafter be retained at a location designated by the Agency for at least 10 years. The report must include the following records and documentation:
 - 1) Documentation of the injection and monitoring well plugging as required by Section 730.192 and subsection (e) of this Section. The owner or operator must provide a copy of a survey plat that the owner or operator

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has submitted to the local zoning authority designated by the Agency. The plat must indicate the location of the injection well relative to permanently surveyed benchmarks. The owner or operator must also submit a copy of the plat to USEPA Region 5;

2) Documentation of appropriate notification and information to all State and local authorities that have authority over drilling activities within the area of review, to enable those State and local authorities to impose appropriate conditions on subsequent drilling activities that may penetrate the injection and confining zones; and

BOARD NOTE: The Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Mines and Minerals, Oil and Gas Division and the Illinois Department of Public Health each have some role in regulating well drilling, depending on the type of well. Other State agencies may also have a role. Further, units of local government and agencies of a sister state may regulate well drilling if a portion of the area of review lies within their jurisdiction. The owner or operator must assure that all applicable regulatory entities receive the required notification and information.

- 3) Records reflecting the nature, composition, and volume of the carbon dioxide stream.
- g) Each owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must record a notation on the deed to the facility property or any other document that is normally examined during title search that will in perpetuity provide the following information to any potential purchaser of the property:
 - 1) The fact that land has been used to sequester carbon dioxide;
 - 2) The name of the county with which the survey plat was filed, as well as the addresses of the Agency and USEPA Region 5; and
 - 3) The volume of fluid injected, the injection zone or zones into which the fluid was injected, and the period over which injection occurred.
- h) The owner or operator must retain records collected during the post-injection site care period for 10 at least years following site closure. The owner or operator must deliver the records to the Agency at the conclusion of the retention period,

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and the records must thereafter be retained at a location designated by the Agency for that purpose.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.93, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.194 Emergency and Remedial Response

- a) As part of the permit application, the owner or operator must provide the Agency with an emergency and remedial response plan that describes actions the owner or operator must take to address movement of the injection or formation fluids which may cause an endangerment to a USDW during the construction, operation, and post-injection site care periods of the injection well. The requirement to maintain and implement an approved emergency and remedial response plan is directly enforceable regardless of whether the requirement is a condition of the permit.
- b) If the owner or operator obtains evidence that the injected carbon dioxide stream and associated pressure front may cause an endangerment to a USDW, the owner or operator must undertake the following actions:
 - 1) The owner or operator must immediately cease injection;
 - 2) The owner or operator must take all steps reasonably necessary to identify and characterize any release;
 - 3) The owner or operator must notify the Agency within 24 hours after obtaining the evidence; and
 - 4) The owner or operator must implement the emergency and remedial response plan approved by the Agency.
- c) The Agency must allow the operator to resume injection prior to remediation if the Agency has determined that the injection operation will not endanger any USDW.
- <u>d)</u> The owner or operator must periodically review the emergency and remedial response plan developed pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section. The owner or

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operator must review the emergency and remedial response plan at least once in every five year period. Based on this review, the owner or operator must submit an amended emergency and remedial response plan or demonstrate to the Agency that no amendment to the emergency and remedial response plan is needed. The Agency must approve any amendments to the emergency and remedial response plan and incorporate the amendments into the permit, and the incorporation of the amendments into the permit is subject to the permit modification requirements set forth in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.262 or 704.264, as appropriate. The owner or operator must submit any amended plans or demonstrations to the Agency as follows:

- 1) Within one year of an area of review reevaluation;
- 2) Following any significant changes to the facility, such as addition of injection or monitoring wells, on a schedule determined by the Agency; or
- 3) When required by the Agency.

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.94, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010).

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 730.195 Alternative Class VI Injection Well Depth Requirements

This Section specifies the requirements for application of alternative injection well depth requirements for Class VI injection wells that meet certain criteria. This Section sets forth information that an owner or operator seeking application of alternative Class VI injection well depth requirements must submit to the Agency; the information that the Agency must consider when determining whether any well is suitable for application of alternative injection well depth requirements; the procedure for Agency-USEPA Region 5 communication and Agency determination whether a well is suitable for application of alternative injection well depth requirements; and the additional requirements that apply to an owner or operator of a Class VI injection well that has been granted a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements.

a) When seeking a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements to the requirement to inject below the lowermost USDW, the owner or operator

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must submit a supplemental report concurrent with the permit application. The supplemental report must include the following information:

- 1) The following demonstrations with regard to the injection zones:
 - <u>A)</u> Each is laterally continuous;
 - B) None is a USDW;
 - <u>C)</u> <u>None is hydraulically connected to a USDW;</u>
 - D) None outcrops;
 - <u>E)</u> Each has adequate injectivity, volume, and sufficient porosity to safely contain the injected carbon dioxide and formation fluids; and
 - <u>F)</u> Each has appropriate geochemistry.
- 2) A demonstration that each injection zones is bounded by laterally continuous impermeable confining units above and below the injection zone that are adequate to prevent fluid movement and pressure buildup outside of the injection zone and that the confining units are free of transmissive faults and fractures. The report must further characterize the regional fracture properties and contain a demonstration that such fractures will not interfere with injection, serve as conduits, or endanger USDWs.
- 3) <u>A demonstration, using computational modeling, that no fluid movement</u> will endanger any USDW above or below the injection zone. This modeling should be conducted in conjunction with the area of review determination required by Section 730.184, and the modeling is subject to the area of review delineation and well identification requirements set forth in Section 730.184(c) and the periodic reevaluation requirements set forth in Section 730.184(e).
- 4) The following demonstrations with regard to well design and construction, in conjunction with the alternative injection well depth requirements:

- A) Well design and construction will ensure isolation of the injectate in lieu of the prohibition against movement of fluids set forth in 730.186(a)(1); and
- B) Well design and construction will meet the well construction requirements set forth in subsection (f) of this Section.
- 5) A description of how the owner or operator will tailor the monitoring and testing and any additional plans to the geologic sequestration project to ensure protection of USDWs above and below each injection zone if the Agency issues a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements.
- 6) Information on the location of all the public water supplies that will be affected, or which are reasonably likely to be affected, by the carbon sequestration project, and all public water supplies that distribute water drawn from any USDW in the area of review.
- 7) Any other information that the Agency determines is necessary to inform the USEPA Region 5's decision to issue a waiver, as required by subsection (b) of this Section.
- b) To inform the USEPA Region 5's decision on whether to grant a waiver of the injection depth requirements pursuant to 40 CFR 146.95, which would allow the Agency to issue a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements, the Agency must submit the following documentation to USEPA Region 5:
 - 1) An evaluation of the following information as it relates to siting, construction, and operation of a geologic sequestration project under a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements:
 - A) The integrity of the upper and lower confining units;
 - B) The suitability of the injection zones (e.g., lateral continuity, lack of transmissive faults and fractures, known current or planned artificial penetrations into the injection zones or formations below the injection zone, etc.);

- <u>C)</u> The potential capacity of the geologic formations to sequester carbon dioxide, accounting for the availability of alternative injection sites;
- D) All other site characterization data, the proposed emergency and remedial response plan, and a demonstration of financial responsibility;
- <u>E)</u> <u>An assessment of community needs, demands, and supply from</u> <u>drinking water resources;</u>
- F) An assessment of planned needs, potential or future use of USDWs and non-USDWs in the area of review;
- G) An assessment of planned or permitted water, hydrocarbon, or mineral resource exploitation potential of the proposed injection formations and other formations both above and below the injection zone to determine if there are any plans to drill through the formation to access resources in or beneath the proposed injection zones or formations;
- <u>H)</u> The proposed plan for securing alternative water resources or treating USDW formation waters in the event of contamination related to the Class VI injection well activity; and,
- I) Any other applicable considerations or information that the Agency determines is necessary to aid a determination by USEPA Region 5 to grant a waiver that would allow the Agency to issue a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements.
- 2) Consultation with the Agency's Division of Public Water Supplies and all agencies of a sister state that have public water system supervision authority over lands within the area of review of a well for which a waiver that would allow the Agency to issue a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements is sought.
- 3) Any written waiver-related information submitted by the Agency's Division of Public Water Supply and all agencies of a sister state that have public water system supervision authority to the Agency.

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- c) Pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 705.163 and concurrent with the Class VI injection well permit application notice process, the Agency must give public notice that the owner or operator has sought a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements. The notice must clearly state the following information:
 - 1) The depth of the proposed injection zones;
 - 2) The location of the injection wells;
 - 3) The name and depth of each USDW within the area of review;
 - 4) <u>A map of the area of review;</u>
 - 5) The names of any public water supplies that will be affected, or which are reasonably likely to be affected, by the carbon sequestration project, and all public water supplies that distribute water drawn from any USDW in the area of review; and
 - 6) The results of consultation with the Agency's Division of Public Water Supply and all agencies of a sister state that have public water system supervision authority, as required by subsection (b)(2) of this Section.
- <u>d</u>) Following the public notice required by subsection (c) of this Section, the Agency must provide all information received through the waiver application process to USEPA Region 5. USEPA has stated in corresponding 40 CFR 146.95(d) that, based on this information, the USEPA Region 5 must provide written concurrence or non-concurrence regarding the Agency issuing a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements.
 - 1) If USEPA Region 5 determines that additional information is required to support a decision, the Agency must provide that information. At his or her discretion, USEPA Region 5 may require that public notice of the new information be initiated.
 - 2) The Agency must not issue a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements without having first received the written concurrence of USEPA Region 5.

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- e) USEPA has stated in corresponding 40 CFR 146.95(e) that if the Agency issues a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements, USEPA will post the following information on its Office of Water website within 30 days after permit issuance:
 - 1) The depth of the proposed injection zones;
 - 2) The location of the injection wells:
 - 3) The name and depth of all USDWs within the area of review;
 - 4) <u>A map of the area of review;</u>
 - 5) The names of any public water supplies that will be affected, or which are reasonably likely to be affected, by the carbon sequestration project, and all public water supplies that distribute water drawn from any USDW in the area of review; and
 - <u>6)</u> The date of permit issuance.
- f) Upon receipt of a permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements for geologic sequestration, the owner or operator of the covered Class VI injection well must comply with the following requirements:
 - 1) All requirements of Sections 730.184, 730.185, 730.187, 730.188, 730.189, 730.191, 730.192, and 730.194;
 - 2) All requirements of Section 730.186, with the following modified requirements:
 - A) The owner or operator must ensure that each Class VI injection well operating under the alternative injection well depth requirements is constructed and completed to prevent movement of fluids into any unauthorized zone that includes a USDW, in lieu of the requirements of Section 730.186(a)(1).
 - B) The casing and cementing program must be designed to prevent the movement of fluids into any unauthorized zone that includes a USDW in lieu of the requirements of Section 730.186(b)(1).

- C) The surface casing must extend through the base of the nearest USDW directly above the injection zone. The surface casing must be cemented to the surface. Alternatively, the Agency must require that the casing extend through another formation above the injection zone and below the nearest USDW above the injection zone if the Agency determines that doing so is necessary to prevent movement of fluids into a USDW.
- 3) All requirements of Section 730.190, with the following modified requirements:
 - A) The owner or operator must monitor the groundwater quality, geochemical changes, and pressure in the first USDWs immediately above and below each injection zone; and in any other formation that the Agency determines is necessary to detect potential movement of fluids into a USDW.
 - B) The owner or operator must conduct testing and monitoring to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume and the presence or absence of elevated pressure (i.e., the pressure front) by using direct methods to monitor for pressure changes in the injection zones. The owner or operator must use indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys or downhole carbon dioxide detection tools) that the Agency determines are necessary based on site-specific geology.
- 4) All requirements of Section 730.193, with the following, modified postinjection site care monitoring requirements:
 - A) The owner or operator must monitor the groundwater quality, geochemical changes, and pressure in the first USDWs immediately above and below each injection zone; and in any other formation that the Agency determines is necessary to detect potential movement of fluids into a USDW.
 - B) The owner or operator must conduct testing and monitoring to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume and the presence or absence of elevated pressure (i.e., the pressure front) by using

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direct methods in the injection zones. The owner or operator must use indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys or down-hole carbon dioxide detection tools) that the Agency determines is necessary to detect potential movement of fluids into a USDW;

5) Any additional requirements that the Agency determines are necessary to ensure protection of USDWs above and below the injection zone(s).

BOARD NOTE: This Section corresponds with 40 CFR 146.95, as added at 75 Fed. Reg. 77303 (Dec. 10, 2010). The corresponding federal rule calls the administrative permission to allow a well to inject at an alternative depth (i.e., above the lowermost USDW) a "waiver." While the Board has retained the use of "waiver" with regard to USEPA review of alternative depth requirements, the Board has changed this to some variant of "permit that includes alternative injection well depth requirements." While the Agency cannot "waive" standards embodied in Board regulations, but the Agency can issue a permit that applies alternative standards that are contained in the regulations. The Board believes that this rule includes standards sufficient to guide an Agency permit determination.

(Source: Added at 36 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)